5G CPE IOT-CPE5G

User Guide

Contents

Chapter 1 Product Introduction	/
1.1 Overview	7
1.2 Advantages	7
Chapter 2 Hardware Introduction	9
2.1 Packing List	9
2.2 Hardware Overview	9
2.3 Serial & IO & Power Pinouts	10
2.4 LED Indicators	10
2.5 Dimensions (mm)	11
2.6 Reset Button	11
Chapter 3 Power Supply	11
Chapter 4 Hardware Installation	12
4.1 SIM Installation	12
4.2 Waterproof Cover & Ethernet Cable Installation	12
4.3 Device Installation	13
4.3.1 Desktop	13
4.3.2 Wall Mounting	14
4.3.3 Pole Mounting	14
Chapter 5 Access to Web GUI	15
Chapter 6 Application Examples	17
6.1 Configure Cellular Connection	17
6.2 Configure Ethernet Connection	19
6.3 Configure Wi-Fi Access Point	21
6.4 Configure OpenVPN Client	22
6.5 Configure NAT Rule	24
6.6 Restore Factory Defaults	25
6.7 Firmware Upgrade	26
Chapter 7 Web Configuration	28
7.1 Status	28
7.1.1 Overview	28
7.1.2 Cellular	30
7.1.3 GPS	32
7.1.4 Firewall	33
7.1.5 Routing Table	34
7.1.6 VPN	35
7.2 Network	35
7.2.1 Interfaces	35
7.2.1.1 WAN	36
7.2.1.2 LAN/DHCP Server	39
7.2.1.3 Cellular	42

	7.2.1.4 Interface Settings	43
	7.2.1.5 Link Failover	43
	7.2.1.6 Static IP Address Assignment	45
	7.2.2 WLAN (Wi-Fi Version Only)	46
	7.2.3 Firewall	47
	7.2.3.1 General Settings	47
	7.2.3.2 ACL	49
	7.2.3.3 Port Mapping (DNAT)	50
	7.2.3.4 DMZ	51
	7.2.3.5 Custom Rules	52
	7.2.3.6 Certificates	52
	7.2.4 Static Routes	52
	7.2.5 IP Passthrough	53
	7.2.6 DDNS	53
	7.2.7 Diagnostics	54
7.3	3 VPN	55
	7.3.1 OpenVPN	55
	7.3.1.1 OpenVPN Server	55
	7.3.1.2 OpenVPN Client	58
	7.3.1.3 Certificate	61
	7.3.2 IPsecVPN	62
	7.3.2.1 IPSec Server	62
	7.3.2.2 IPSec Client	64
	7.3.2.3 Certificate	67
	7.3.3 L2TP	68
	7.3.4 PPTP	70
7.4	4 Service	71
	7.4.1 Serial Port	71
	7.4.2 I/O	75
	7.4.2.1 DI	75
	7.4.2.2 DO	76
	7.4.3 Modbus Client (Master)	77
	7.4.3.1 Modbus Client	77
	7.4.3.2 Channel_Modbus	77
	7.4.4 GPS	80
	7.4.4.1 GPS IP Forwarding	80
	7.4.4.2 GPS Serial Forwarding	82
	7.4.5 Phone&SMS	83
	7.4.5.1 Phone	83
	7.4.5.2 SMS	84
	7.4.6 SNMP	85
	7.4.6.1 SNMP	86
	7.4.6.2 MIB View	86
	7.4.6.3 VACM	87

7.4.6.4 Trap	87
7.4.6.5 MIB	
7.5 App	88
7.5.1 Node-RED	88
7.6 System	90
7.6.1 System	
7.6.2 Password	91
7.6.3 Device Management	92
6.6.3.1 Device Management	
7.6.3.2 Cloud VPN	
7.6.4 Backup / Upgrade	94
7.6.5 Reboot	
7.6.6 Log	95
7.6.7 Debugger	96
7.6.7.1 Cellular Debugger	96
7.6.7.2 Firewall Debugger	98

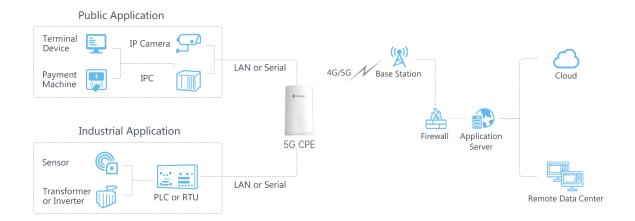
Chapter 1 Product Introduction

1.1 Overview

UF51 5G CPE is dedicated to cost effective solutions for 5G wireless networking applications. Adopting a high-performance and low power consumption industrial platform of quad-core CPU and 5G cellular module, UF51 supports the global WCDMA, 4G LTE, 5G Sub-6 GHz and NSA network and WiFi-6, to provide ultra-fast network to ensure the extremely safe and reliable connection to the wireless network. With IP67 waterproof enclosure, various kinds of installation methods, and authentic design, UF51 is competent to both indoor and outdoor applications.

Meanwhile, UF51 also supports 2-port Gigabit Ethernet switch, RS232/RS485 serial ports and Digital input/Digital output, which enable to scale up M2M applications combining data collection and high-speed transmission in a limited time and budget.

UF51 is particularly suitable for smart offices, video surveillance, digital media implementations, industrial automation, traffic applications, robots and so on.



1.2 Advantages

Ultra Fast Connectivity

- Industrial-grade quad-core CPU ARM Cortex-A55 with big memory, providing high performance for data transmission
- Global 5G (NSA/SA)/4G LTE network
- Dual carrier aggregation (2CC CA) is supported in the 5G Sub-6GHz, enabling wider signal coverage with superb download speed up to 4.67 Gbps
- Plug& play, supply lightning transmission via Gigabit Ethernet ports or USB Type-C interface

- Support Wi-Fi 6, allows 2.4G & 5G dual band concurrent connections up to 3.6 Gbps download speed
- Embedded eight 5G antennas and four Wi-Fi antennas for best signal reception

Security & Reliability

- Automated failover/failback backup via Ethernet, Cellular and Wi-Fi
- Secure transmission with VPN tunnels like IPsec/OpenVPN/L2TP/PPTP
- Embedded with hardware watchdog to automatically recover from various failures, ensuring the highest level of availability
- Equipped with multiple security protection measures such as ACL, DMZ, SYN-Flood protection,
 and data filtering to ensure that the network is secured
- Support policy routing and NAT for more secure intranet access

Easy Maintenance

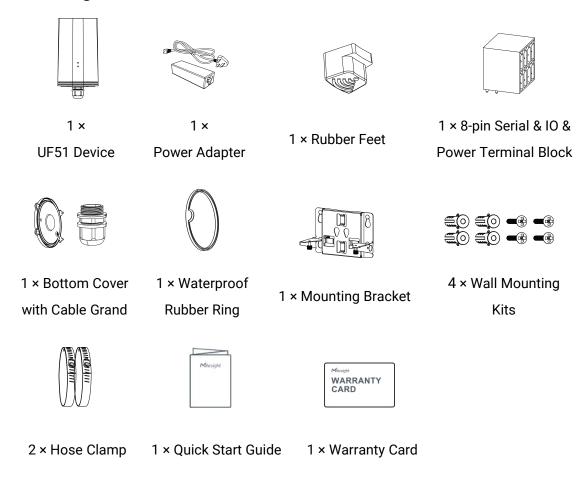
- Milesight DeviceHub provides easy setup, mass configuration, and centralized management of remote devices
- The user-friendly web interface design and several upgrade options help administrator to manage the device easily
- Support multilevel user authorities for security management
- Fast and user-friendly programming by Node-RED development tool

Industrial-Grade Design

- Equipped with I/O, serial port, and GPS for industrial transmission applications
- Wide operating temperature range from -30°C to 60°C and industrial design for harsh environments
- IP67 waterproof and UV-protective enclosure for outdoor applications
- PoE, DC or USB power supply optional
- Equipped with a vent plug to prevent condensation in the enclosure
- Pole mounting, wall mounting, desktop, bottom screw mounting for various applications
- 3-year warranty included

Chapter 2 Hardware Introduction

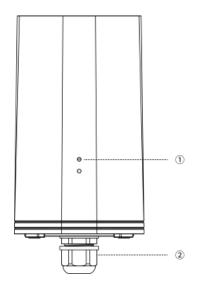
2.1 Packing List



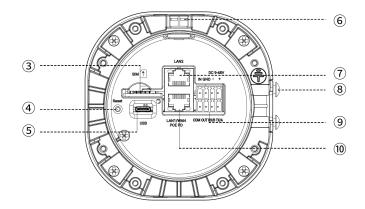


If any of the above items is missing or damaged, please contact your sales representative.

2.2 Hardware Overview

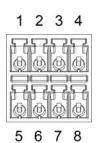


- LED Indicator Area
 STATUS: Power & System Indicator
 5G: Cellular Indicator
- ② Waterproof Connector



- ③ SIM Slot
- 4 Reset Button
- 5 USB Type-C Port
- 6 Vent Plug
- 7 LAN2 Port
- **8** Bracket Mounting Screws
- 9 Serial & IO Power Interface
- 10 LAN1/WAN Port (PoE PD)

2.3 Serial & IO & Power Pinouts



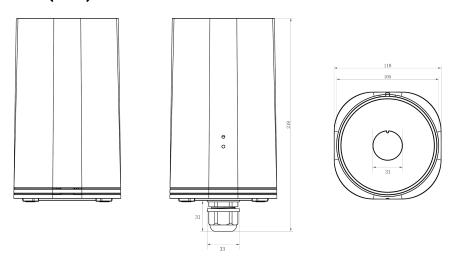
PIN	RS232 /RS485	DI	DO	Power	Description
1		IN			Digital Input
2	GND	GND			Ground
3				(-)	Negative
4				(1)	Positive
4				(+)	(9-48V)
5			СОМ		Common
3			COIVI		Ground
6			OUT		Digital Output
7	RXD/B				RS232-RXD
/	KAD/ D				RS485-B
8	TXD/A				RS232-TXD
0	I AD/A				RS485-A

2.4 LED Indicators

LED	Indication	Status	Description
	Power & System Status	Off	The power is switched off
STATUS		Orange	Static: The system is booting
		Green	Static: The system is running properly
		Red	Static: The system goes wrong
		Off	SIM card is registering or fails to register
	5G Cellular Status Green Orange	OII	(or there are no SIM cards inserted)
		Green	Blinking rapidly: SIM card has been registered and
5G			is dialing up now
			Static: SIM card has been registered and dialed up
			to 5G network
		Orongo	Static: SIM card has been registered and dialed up
		Orange	to 4G network

Link Indicator Ethernet (Orange)		Off	Disconnected or connect failure
		On	Connected
	Blinking	Transmitting data	
Port	Rate Indicator	Off	100 Mbps mode
	(Green)	On	1000 Mbps mode

2.5 Dimensions (mm)



2.6 Reset Button

Function	Description		
FullCuon	LED Indicator	Action	
Soft	Static When the device is powered on, press and hold th button for more than 5 seconds.		
	Static → All Blinking	Release the button and wait.	
Reset	Off →STATUS Static Green	The device resets to factory default.	
	Off	When the device is powered off, press and hold the reset button.	
Hard Reset	Static →All Blinking	Power on the device while keeping holding the reset button for more than 5 seconds, then release the button.	
	Off →STATUS Static Green	The device resets to factory default.	

Chapter 3 Power Supply

UF51 can be powered by 802.3af standard PoE or 9-48V DC. Both power supplies can't be used at the same time.

PoE Supply: provide power supply via PoE injector as follows. Besides, it can also be powered by PoE switch.

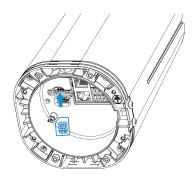


DC Supply: Connect the DC power cable to terminal block, then connect the terminal block to DC interface to power the device.

Chapter 4 Hardware Installation

4.1 SIM Installation

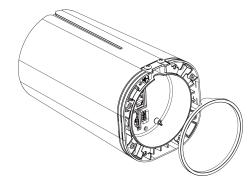
Insert the SIM card into the device according to the direction icon on the device. If you need to take ut the SIM card, press into the SIM card tray and it will pop out automatically.



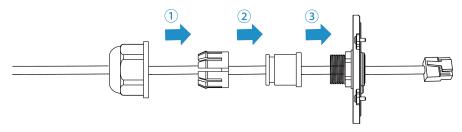
4.2 Waterproof Cover & Ethernet Cable Installation

Please use round Ethernet cable and install as follows if UF51 needs to be placed outdoors:

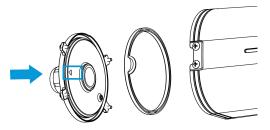
1. Install the rubber ring into the bottom of the device. Note that the round part needs to face the gap of bottom when installing, otherwise it may cause waterlogged.



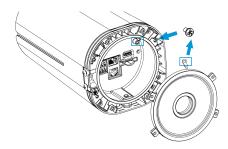
2. Connect a round Ethernet cable to LAN1/WAN port, then pass the Ethernet cable through the bottom cover and all parts of the cable gland.



3. Fix the bottom cover to the bottom of the device with 4 screws. Note the arrow behind the cover need to face the bracket mounting screws.



Note: Bottom cover can be fixed with the device via the wiring behind the cover.



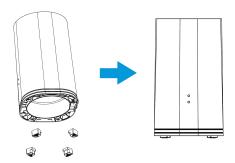
4.3 Device Installation

UF51 supports multiple installation methods like desktop, wall mounting, pole mounting, etc. Before you start, make sure that all fittings have been installed.

Note: Do not connect device to power supply or other devices when installing.

4.3.1 Desktop

When using indoors, pile 4 rubber feet into the gaps at the bottom of the device. The rough surface of rubber feet should face desktop.



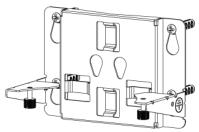
4.3.2 Wall Mounting

Preparation: mounting bracket(with 2 screws), wall plugs, wall mounting screws and other required tools.

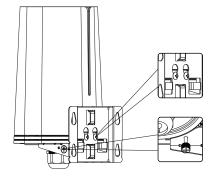
A. Align the mounting bracket horizontally to the desired position on the wall, use a marker pen to mark four mounting holes on the wall, and then remove the mounting bracket from the wall.

Note: The connecting lines of adjacent points are at right angles.

- B. Drill four holes with a depth of 32 mm by using your drill with a 6 mm drill bit on the positions you marked previously on the wall.
- C. Insert four wall plugs into the holes respectively.
- D. Mount the mounting bracket horizontally to the wall by fixing the wall mounting screws into the wall plugs.



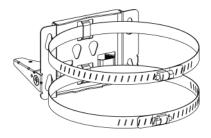
E. Hang the device to the mounting bracket via bracket mounting screws on the back of device, then screw the 2 bracket screws to the bottom of the device.



4.3.3 Pole Mounting

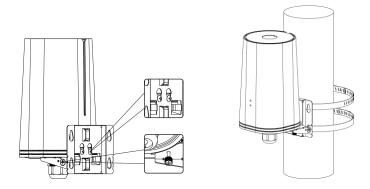
Preparation: mounting bracket(with 2 screws), hose clamps and other required tools.

- A. Loosen the hose clamp by turning the locking mechanism counter-clockwise.
- B. Straighten out the hose clamp and slide it through the rectangular rings in the mounting bracket, wrap the hose clamp around the pole.
- C. Use a screwdriver to tighten the locking mechanism by turning it clockwise.



D. Hang the device to the mounting bracket via bracket mounting screws on the back of device, then

screw the 2 bracket screws to the bottom of the device.



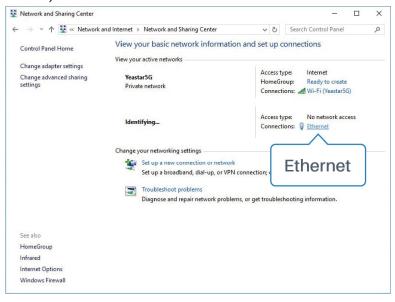
Chapter 5 Access to Web GUI

UF51 provides user-friendly web GUI for configuration and users can access it via LAN port. This chapter explains how to access to Web GUI of the UF51 device.

Username: admin
Password: password
IP Address: 192.168.1.1

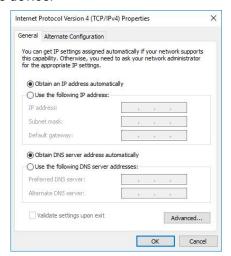
Connect PC to LAN port or USB port of UF51 directly. The following steps are based on Windows 10 operating system for your reference.

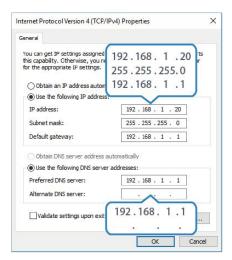
1. Go to Control Panel → Network and Internet → Network and Sharing Center, then click Ethernet (May have different names).



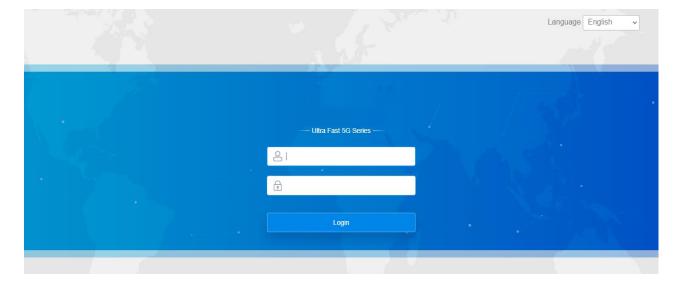
2. Go to Properties → Internet Protocol Version 4(TCP/IPv4), select Obtain an IP address automatically or Use the following IP address, then assign a static IP manually within the same

subnet of the device.





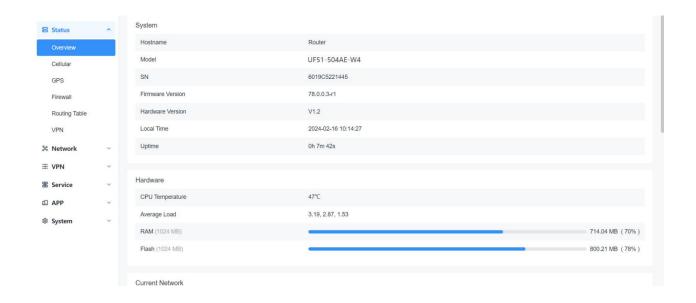
3. Open a Web browser on your PC (Chrome is recommended), type in the IP address 192.168.1.1 to access the web GUI, then enter the default username and password, and click **Login**.



A

If you enter the username or password incorrectly more than 5 times, the login page will be locked for 10 minutes.

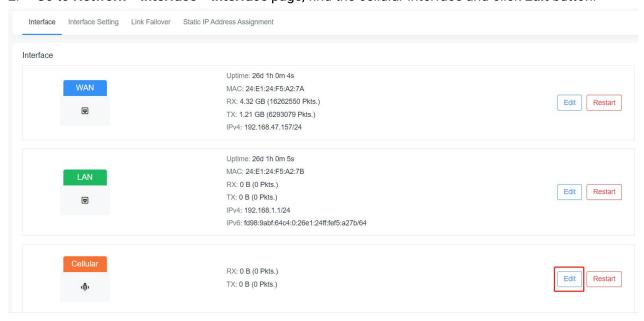
4. After you login the Web GUI, you can view system information and perform configuration.



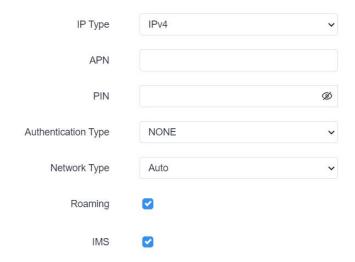
Chapter 6 Application Examples

6.1 Configure Cellular Connection

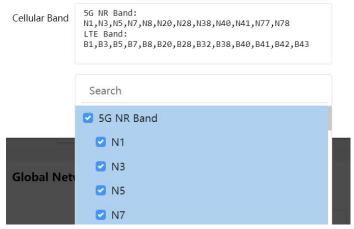
- 1. Ensure the SIM card is inserted well and all cellular antennas are connected to the correct connectors.
- 2. Go to **Network > Interface > Interface** page, find the cellular interface and click **Edit** button.



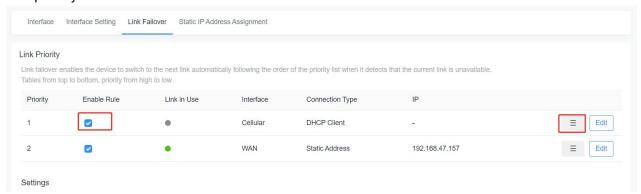
3. Fill in the necessary info of SIM card, then save all settings.



For 5G connection, you can choose specific bands to ensure high network speed.

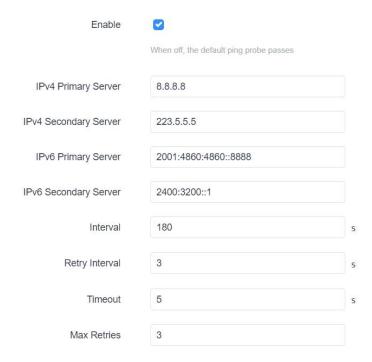


4. Go to **Network > Interface > Link Failover** to enable cellular and drag the buttons to change link priority.

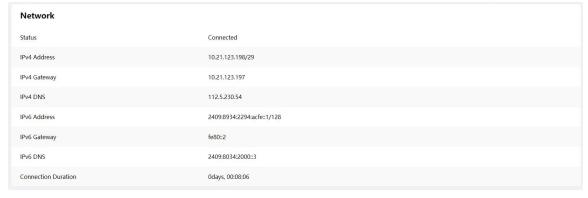


5. Click **Edit** of a link to configure ICMP ping detection information. When ping probe is enabled, the device will send ICMP packets to detection server to check if this link is valid. If no response and exceeding max retries, it will switch to the lower priority link.

Note: if you use private SIM card, please change a private server address or disable the ping probe.



6. Go to **Status > Cellular** to check the status of the cellular connection. If modem status is ready and network status shows **Connected**, the SIM has been dialed up successfully.



Related Topic

Cellular Setting

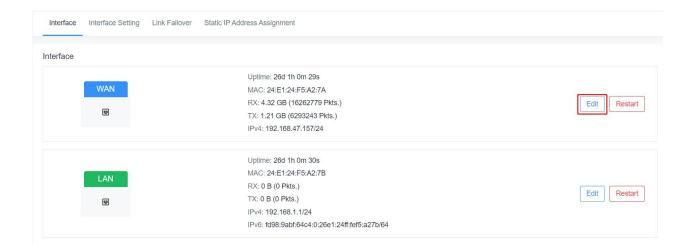
Cellular Status

6.2 Configure Ethernet Connection

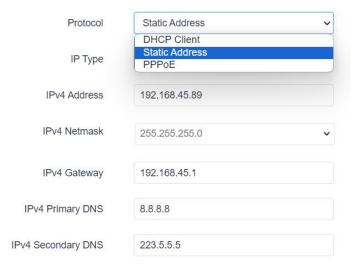
UF51 supports getting network access via WAN port.

Configuration Steps

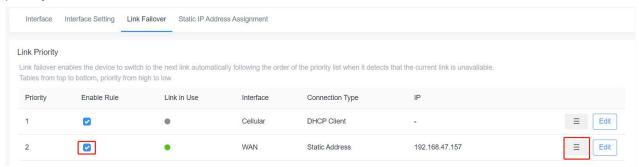
1. Go to **Network > Interface > Interface** page, find the WAN interface and click **Edit** button.



- 2. Select the protocol according to your network router mode or network provider types and configure the corresponding parameters, then save all settings.
- **DHCP:** upper network router will assign an IP address to UF51 WAN port. This is the easiest way and requires the upper route to enable the DHCP server.
- Status Address: assign a static IP address with the same subnet as the LAN subnet of the upper network router. Besides, it's necessary to configure at least one DNS server.
- **PPPoE**: type your PPPoE account username and password, this should contact your network provider.

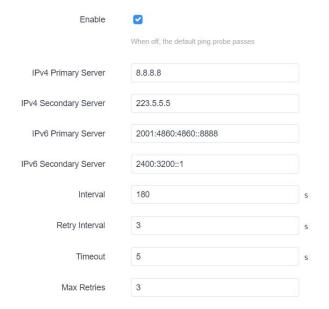


3. Go to **Network > Interface > Link Failover** to enable WAN and drag the button to change link priority.

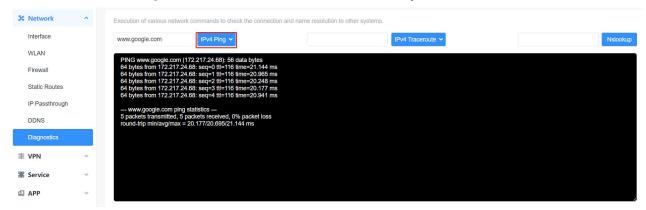


4. Click **Edit** of a link to configure ICMP ping detection information. When ping probe is enabled, the device will send ICMP packets to detection server to check if this link is valid. If no response and exceeding max retries, it will switch to the lower priority link.

Note: if you use private network, please change a private server address or disable the ping probe.



5. Click **Network > Diagnostics** to check the network connectivity.



Related Topic

WAN Setting

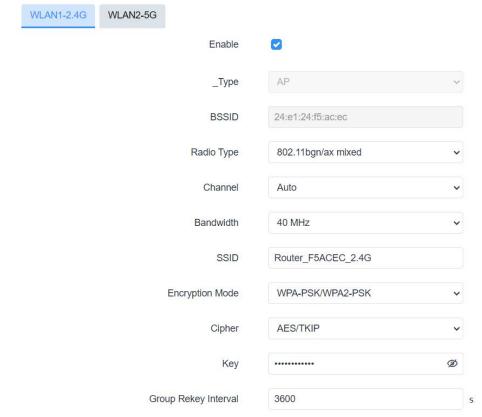
6.3 Configure Wi-Fi Access Point

UF51 supports both 2.4G and 5G Wi-Fi and they can work as access points to provide network access to other devices at the same time. We are about to take an example of configuring a 2.4G Wi-Fi access point.

Configuration Steps

- 1. Ensure the device supports Wi-Fi and the Wi-Fi antennas are connected to the correct connectors.
- 2. Go to **Network > WLAN** page to enable 2.4G Wi-Fi mode, then users can modify the radio type, SSID and other parameters. For security access, it's suggested to select an encryption mode and

define a key for devices to connect to Wi-Fi.



3. Use a smart phone to connect the access point of UF51. You can check the information of the connected client/user on **Status > Overview** page.



Related Topic

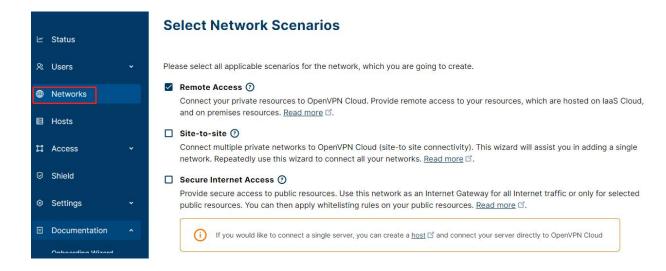
WLAN Setting

6.4 Configure OpenVPN Client

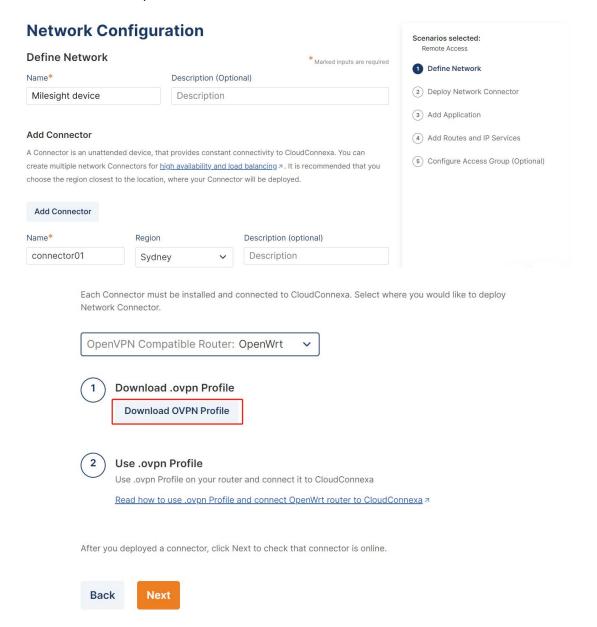
UF51 can work as OpenVPN clients or OpenVPN servers. We are about to take an example of configuring OpenVPN client to connect to CloudConnexa.

Configuration Steps

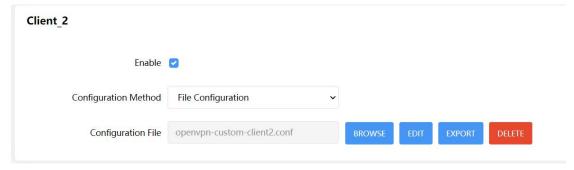
- 1. Ensure the UF51 has gotten access to the Internet.
- 2. Log in the CloudConnexa account, select Network section and select the service depending on your requirement and follow the wizard to continue the settings.



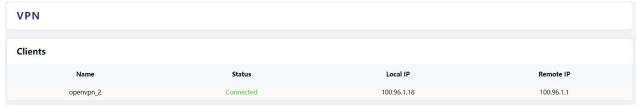
3. Select the location as OpenWrt and download the OVPN file.



4. Go to **VPN > OpenVPN > OpenVPN Client** page of UF51, select configuration method as File Configuration, then import the OVPN file.



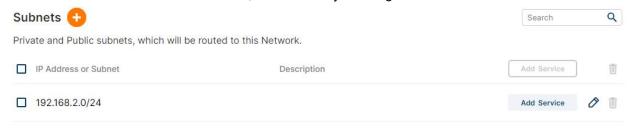
5. Go to **Status > VPN** page to check if the client is connected.



You can also check the connection status on CloudConnexa.



6. You can remotely get access to this device via OpenVPN Connect software. If you need to access the terminal devices under UF51 subnet, it's necessary to assign the subnet on CloudConnexa.



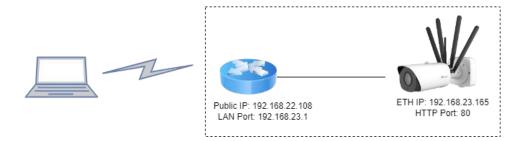
Related Topic

OpenVPN Client

6.5 Configure NAT Rule

Example

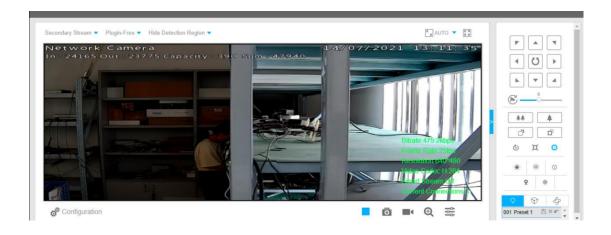
A UF51 device can access to the Internet via cellular and get a public IP address. LAN port is connected with an IP camera whose IP address is 192.168.23.165 and HTTP port is 80. This IP camera can be accessed by public IP address via the below port mapping settings.



Configuration Steps

Go to **Network > Firewall > Port Mapping** and configure port mapping parameters as below. External IP address 0.0.0.0/0 means all external addresses are allowed to access. After that, users can use public IP: external port to access the IP camera.





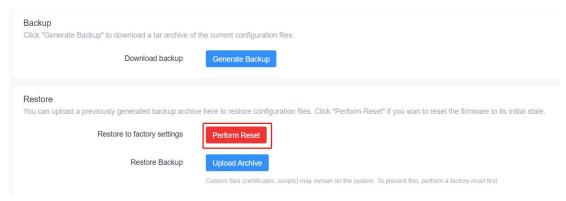
Related Topic

Port Mapping

6.6 Restore Factory Defaults

Method 1:

Go to **System > Backup/Upgrade** page, click **Perform Reset** button, you will be asked to confirm if you'd like to reset it to factory defaults. Then click **OK** button.



Then the device will reboot and restore to factory settings immediately.



Please wait till the SYSTEM LED shines in green, which means the device has already been reset to factory defaults successfully.

Related Topic

Backup / Flash Firmware

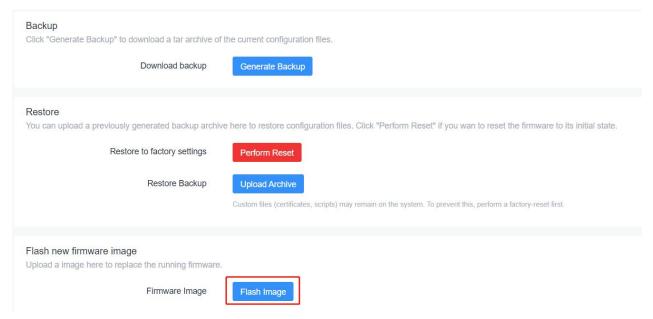
Method 2:

Locate the reset button on the device, press and hold the reset button for more than 5s until the LED blinks.

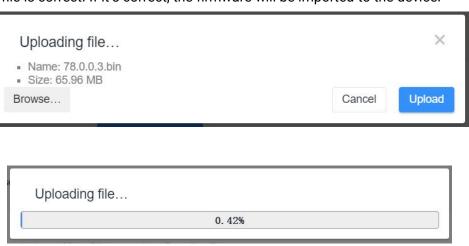
6.7 Firmware Upgrade

It is suggested that you contact Milesight technical support first before you upgrade the device. After getting the image file please refer to the following steps to complete the upgrade.

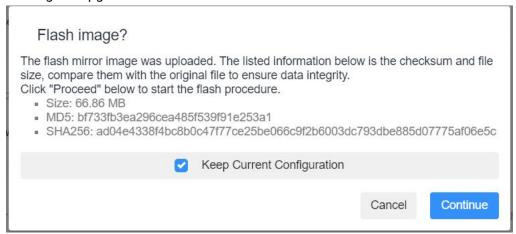
1. Go to System > Backup/Upgrade page, and click Flash image.



2. Browse the correct firmware file from the PC, click **Upload** and the device will check if the firmware file is correct. If it's correct, the firmware will be imported to the device.



3. After upload, click **Continue** to upgrade the device. When SYS LED changes from orange to green and stay statically, the upgrade is completed. Do not perform any operation or disconnect the power during the upgrade.



Flashing...

The system is flashing now.

DO NOT POWER OFF THE DEVICE!

Wait a few minutes until you try to reconnect. It might be necessary to renew the address of your computer to reach the device again, depending on your settings.

Related Topic

Backup / Flash Firmware

Chapter 7 Web Configuration

7.1 Status

7.1.1 Overview

The System tab contains the basic information of the device on this page.

System	
Hostname	Router
Model	UF51-504AE-W4
SN	6905C2758973
Firmware Version	78.0.0.3-r1
Hardware Version	V2.0
Local Time	2024-04-24 20:05:59
Uptime	26d 1h 7m 15s

System	
Item	Description
Llaatnanaa	The hostname of device, it can be modified on System > System >
Hostname	General Settings.
Model	The model name of the device.
SN	The serial number of the device.
Firmware Version	The current firmware version of the device.
Hardware Version	The current hardware version of the device.
Local Time	The current system time of the device , it can be modified on

	System > System > General Settings.	
Uptime	The time since the device has been powered and running.	

Hardware		
CPU Temperature	45°C	
Average Load	4.15, 3.50, 3.29	
RAM (1024 MB)		778.70 MB (76%)
Flash (1024 MB)		901.46 MB (88%)

Hardware		
Item	Description	
CPU Temperature	The temperature of CPU.	
Average Load	Averages over progressively longer periods of time (1, 5 and 15 minutes averages), the smaller numbers are better.	
RAM	the RAM capacity and the available RAM memory.	
Flash	the flash capacity and the available flash memory.	

The **Current Network** tab displays the basic information of link in use, click Interface chapter for details.



The Active DHCP Leases tab displays the basic information of connected devices.



Active DHCP Leases	
Item	Description
Hostname	The hostname of the connected device.
IPv4-Address	Tthe IPv4 address of the connected device.
MAC-Address	The MAC address of the connected device.
Remaining Lease Time	The time remaining for this lease.

When UPS is connected to the device, the UPS basic information will also show on the Status page. For more details please refer to *Milesight UPS User Guide*.



7.1.2 Cellular

You can view the cellular network status of device on this page.

Cellular Status	
Status	No SIM Card
Module Model	RG500L-EU
Version	RG500LEUACR04A01M8G_OCPU_20.001.20.001
Cellular Band	
Signal Strength	÷
Register Status	Not registered
IMEI	869263050331689
IMSI	
ICCID	-
ISP	¥
Network Type	
PLMN ID	
LAC	
Cell ID	e!
CQI	2

CQI	
DL Bandwidth	-
UL Bandwidth	•
SINR	
PCI	4
RSRP	-
RSRQ	a .
EARFCN	a .

Modem Information	
Item	Description
Status	 Corresponding detection status of module and SIM card. No SIM Card: the SIM card is not inserted PIN Error: the PIN code is error PIN Required: the SIM card requires to type PIN code PUK Required: the SIM card requires to be unlocked by PUK code No Signal: no cellular signal Ready: the SIM card is inserted Down: the SIM card is deactivated or data overage
Module Model	The model name of cellular module.
Version	The firmware version of cellular module.
Cellular Band	The cellular band which the device used to register to network.
Signal Strength	The RSSI (Received Signal Indicator) of registered cellular network.
Register Status	The registration status of SIM card.
IMEI	The IMEI of the cellular module.
IMSI	The IMSI of the SIM card.
ICCID	The ICCID of the SIM card.
ISP	The network provider which the SIM card registers on.
Network Type	The connected network type, such as LTE, 3G, etc.
PLMN ID	The current PLMN ID, including MCC, MNC, LAC and Cell ID.
LAC	The location area code of the SIM card.
Cell ID	The Cell ID of the SIM card location.
CQI	The Channel Quality Indicator of the cellular network.
DL Bandwidth	The DL bandwidth of the cellular network.
UL Bandwidth	The UL bandwidth of the cellular network.
SINR	The Signal Interference + Noise Ratio of the cellular network.
PCI	The physical-layer cell identity of the cellular network.
RSRP	The Reference Signal Received Power of the cellular network.
RSRQ	The Reference Quality Received Power of the cellular network.
EARFCN	The E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number.

Network	
Status	Connected
IPv4 Address	10.21.123.198/29
IPv4 Gateway	10.21.123.197
IPv4 DNS	112.5.230.54
IPv6 Address	2409:8934:2294:acfe::1/128
IPv6 Gateway	fe80::2
IPv6 DNS	2409:8034;2000::3
Connection Duration	0days, 00:08:06

Monthly Data Statistics

Network	
Item	Description
Status	The connection status of cellular network.
IPv4/IPv6 Address	The IPv4/IPv6 address and netmask of cellular network.
IPv4/IPv6 Gateway	The IPv4/IPv6 gateway and netmask of cellular network.
IPv4/IPv6 DNS	The DNS sever of cellular network.
Connection Duration	The information on how long the cellular network has been
	connected.
RX	The data volume and packets received of this month.
TX	The data volume and packets transmitted of this month.
ALL	Total data volume and packets of this month.

7.1.3 GPS

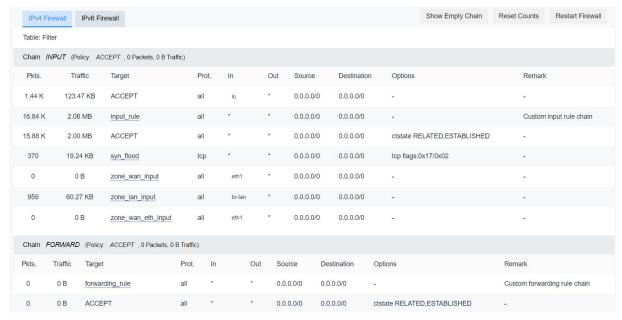
When GPS function is enabled and the GPS information is obtained successfully, you can view the latest GPS information including GPS time, latitude, longitude and speed on this page.

Status	Obtained	
Time for Locating	2022/11/24 05:51:05	
Satellites In Use	36	
Satellites In View	71	
Latitude	24.624043 N	
Longitude	118.030530 E	
Altitude	83.6 M	
Speed	0.000000 km/h	

GPS Status	
Item	Description
Status	The obtain status of GPS.
Time for Locating	The time for locating.
Satellites In Use	The quantity of satellites in use.
Satellites In View	The quantity of satellites in view.
Latitude	The Latitude of the location.
Longitude	The Longitude of the location.
Altitude	The Altitude of the location.
Speed	The speed of movement.

7.1.4 Firewall

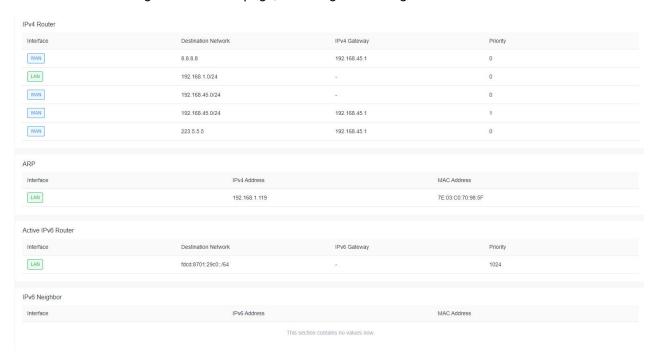
On this page you can check all IPv4/IPv6 chains of iptables. Users can click the targets with dashed line to jump to the corresponding chains.



Firewall Status	
Item	Description
Table: Filter	The default table for handing network packets.
Table: NAT	Used to alter packets that create a new connection and used for Network Address Translation (NAT).
Table: Mangle	Used for specific types of packet alternation.
Show/Hide Empty Chain	Show/hide the chain without any rule.
Reset Counts	Reset the traffic counts of all chains.
Restart Firewall	Restart the whole firewall process.

7.1.5 Routing Table

You can check routing status on this page, including the routing table and ARP cache.

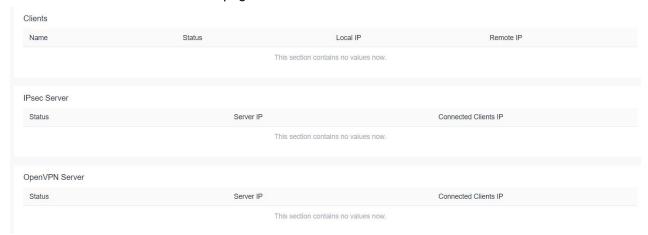


Item	Description	
Active IPv4/IPv6 Router		
Interface	The outbound interface of the route.	
Destination	The IP address and netmask of destination host or destination	
Network	network.	
IPv4/IPv6	The IP address of the gateway to send packets from.	
Gateway	The IP address of the gateway to send packets from.	
Priority	The metric number indicating interface priority of usage.	
ARP Cache		
Interface	The binding interface of ARP.	
IPv4 Address	The IP address of ARP pool.	
MAC Address	The IP address's corresponding MAC address.	

IPv6 Neighbor	
Interface	The binding interface of neighbor.
IPv6 Address	The IP address of neighbor.
MAC Address	The IP address's corresponding MAC address.

7.1.6 VPN

You can check VPN status on this page.



VPN Status		
Item	Description	
Clients		
Name	The name of the enabled VPN clients.	
Status	The connection status of client.	
Local IP	The local IP address and subnet of the VPN tunnel.	
Remote IP	The real remote IP address and subnet of the VPN tunnel.	
IPsec/OpenVPN Server		
Status	The status of Server.	
Server IP	The server IP address and subnet of the VPN tunnel.	
Connected Clients IP	The IP address of the client which is connected to the server.	

7.2 Network

7.2.1 Interfaces

This menu allows to configure the basic settings of cellular, WAN and LAN interfaces.



Interfaces	
Item	Description
Restart	Click to restart this network interface.
Edit	Click to edit general settings of this network interface.

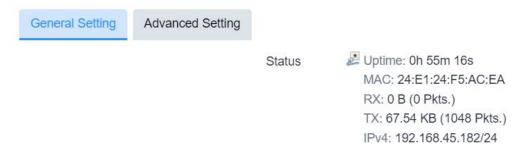


Global Network Options	
Item	Description
IPv6 ULA-Prefix	The IPv6 unique local address (ULA) prefix of this device.

7.2.1.1 WAN

The WAN port can be connected with an Ethernet cable to get Internet access. It supports 3 connection types which can work with both IPv4 and IPv6.

- Static IP: configure IPv4 address, netmask and gateway for Ethernet WAN interface.
- **DHCP Client**: configure Ethernet WAN interface as DHCP Client to obtain IPv4 address automatically.
- **PPPoE**: configure Ethernet WAN interface as PPPoE or PPPoEv6 Client.

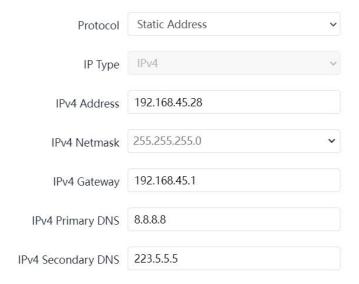


WAN - Status		
Item	Description	
Uptime	How long has the device been running.	
MAC	MAC address of WAN interface.	
RX	RX: the data volume and packets received in this interface.	
TX	TX: the data volume and packets transmitted from this interface.	
IPv4	IPv4 address of WAN interface.	

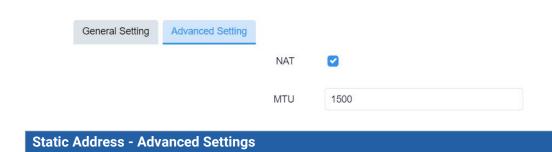
1. Static IP Configuration

Item

If the external network assigns a fixed IP for the WAN interface, please select this mode.



Static Address - General Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
IP Type	It's fixed as IPv4.	IPv4	
IPv4 Address	Set the IPv4 address of the WAN port.		
IPv4 Netmask	Set the Netmask for WAN port.	255.255.255.0	
IPv4 Gateway	Set the gateway for WAN port's IPv4 address.		
IPv4 Primary DNS	Set the primary IPv4 DNS server.	8.8.8.8	
IPv4 Secondary	Set the secondary IPv4 DNS server.	223.5.5.5	
DNS			

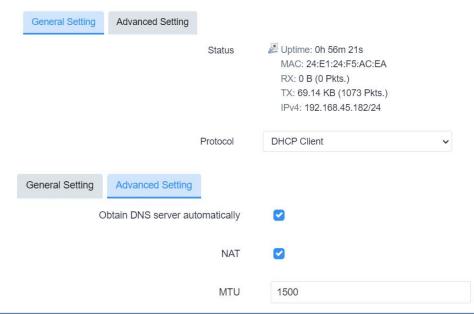


Description

NAT	Enable or disable NAT function. When enabled, a private IP can be translated to a public IP.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.

2. DHCP Client

If the external network has DHCP server enabled and has assigned IP addresses to the Ethernet WAN interface, please select this mode to obtain IP address automatically.



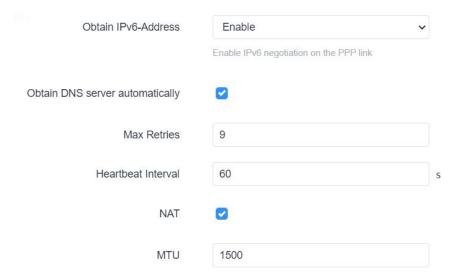
DHCP Client - Advanced Settings		
Item	Description	
Obtain DNS server automatically	Obtain peer DNS automatically. DNS is necessary when visiting domain name.	
NAT	Enable or disable NAT function. When enabled, a private IP can be translated to a public IP.	
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.	

3. PPPoE/PPPoEv6

PPPoE refers to a point to point protocol over Ethernet. If IPv6 negotiation is enabled, device can get both IPv4 and IPv6 address.



PPPoE - General Settings	
Item	Description
PAP/CHAP Username	Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
PAP/CHAP Password	Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).



PPPoE - Advanced Settings	
Item	Description
Obtain IPv6-Address	Enable IPv6 negotiation on the PPP link.
Obtain DNS server	Obtain peer DNS automatically during PPP dialing. DNS is necessary
automatically	when visiting domain name.
Max Retries	Set the maximum retry times after it fails to dial up. Range: 0-9.
Heartbeat Interval (s)	Set the heartbeat interval for link detection. Range: 1-600.
NAT	Enable or disable NAT function. When enabled, a private IP can be
	translated to a public IP.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.

Related Configuration Example

Ethernet WAN Connection

7.2.1.2 LAN/DHCP Server

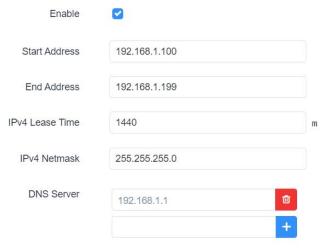


LAN - General Settings	
Item	Description
Status	Uptime: how long has the device been running.
	MAC: MAC address of LAN interfaces.
	RX: the data volume and packets received in this interface.
	TX: the data volume and packets transmitted from this interface.
	IPv4/IPv6: IPv4/IPv6 address of LAN interfaces.
IPv4 Address	Set the IPv4 address of LAN interface.
IPv4 Netmask	Set the netmask for LAN interface.
IPv6 Prefix Length	Assign a part of given length of every public IPv6-prefix to this interface.
IPv6 Prefix Identifier	Assign prefix parts using this hexadecimal sub-prefix ID for this interface.



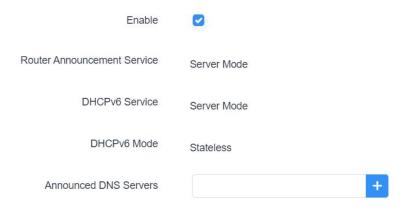
LAN - Advanced Settings	
Item	Description
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.

General Setup



DHCP Server-General Setup	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable to disable DHCP for this interface.
Start Address	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.
End Address	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.
IPv4 Lease time	Set the expiry time of leased addresses, the minimum is 2 minutes (2m).
IPv4-Netmask	Set to override the netmask sent to clients. Normally it is calculated from the subnet that is served.
DNS Server	Set the DNS server list for clients.

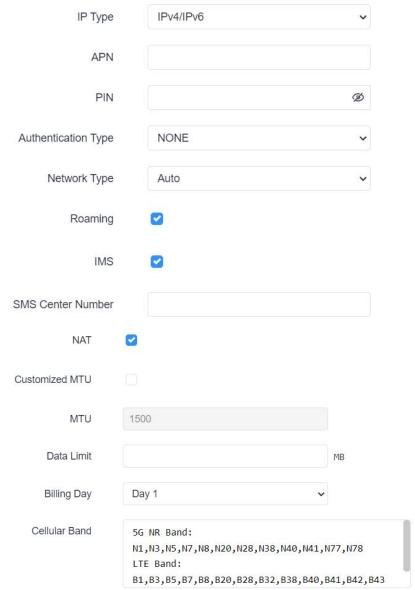
IPv6 Settings



DHCP Server-IPv6 Settings	
Item Description	
Enable	Choose to enable DHCPv6 server when using cellular IPv6 or PPPoE v6.
Router Advertisement Service	It's fixed as server mode.
DHCPv6 Service	It's fixed as server mode.

DHCPv6 Mode	It's fixed as stateless mode.
Announced DNS Servers	Set the DNS server list for clients.

7.2.1.3 Cellular



Cellular	
Item	Description
IP Type	Show the Internet protocol type to use for this interface. Option: IPv4, IPv6 and IPv4/IPv6.
APN	Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection provided by local ISP.
PIN	Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code to unlock the SIM.
Authentication Type	Select from NONE, PAP, CHAP and PAP/CHAP.
Network Type	Select from Auto, 5G Only, 4G Only and 3G Only.

	Auto: connect to the network with the strongest signal automatically. 5G Only: connect to 5G network only.
	And so on.
Roaming	Enable or disable roaming.
IMS	Enable or disable IMS function.
SMS Center	Enter the local SMS center number for storing, forwarding, converting and
Number	delivering SMS message.
NAT	Enable or disable NAT function.
Customized	Enable or disable to customize the maximum transmission units. When
MTU	disabled, the device will use operator's MTU settings.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission units. Range: 68-1500.
Data Limit	Set the data limit of this month. If data traffic exceeds the limit, the SIM
	card will be forbidden this month. The default is blank (no limited).
Billing Day	Clear the monthly data statistics when reaching the billing day of this
	month.
Collular Band	Select the 5G NR and 4G LTE bands used to register cellular network. It
Cellular Band	can be used to optimize cellular speeds by selecting specific bands.

Related Application

Cellular Application

7.2.1.4 Interface Settings

UF51supports 2 Gigabit Ethernet ports. This page display the properties of all Ethernet ports and allows to control the status of these ports.

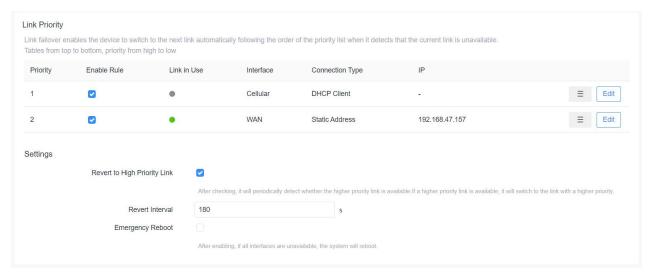


Interface Setting	
Item	Description
Interface	Users can define the Ethernet ports according to their needs.
Status	Set the status of Ethernet port; select Up to enable and Down to disable.
Property	The Ethernet port's type, fixed as a WAN port or a LAN port.
Interface Speed	Ethernet port speed is fixed as Auto.
Interface Mode	Ethernet port mode is fixed as Auto.

7.2.1.5 Link Failover

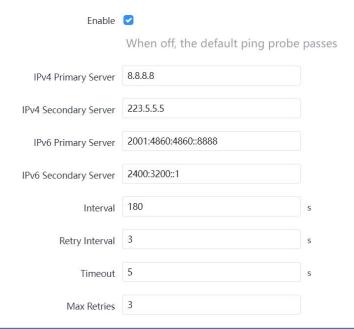
This section describes how to configure link failover strategies, their priority and the ping settings,

each rule owns its ping rules by default. The device will follow the priority to choose the next available interface to access the internet, make sure you have enabled the full interface that you need to use here. If priority 1 can only use IPv4, UF51 will select a second link in which IPv6 works as the main IPv6 link and vice versa.



Link Failover			
Item	Description		
Link Priority	Link Priority		
Priority	Display the priority of each interface, you can modify it by the		
	operation's up and down button.		
	If enabled, the device will choose this interface into its switching		
Enable Rule	rule. For the Cellular interface, if it's not enabled here, the interface		
	will be disabled as well.		
Link in Use	Mark whether this interface is in use with Green color.		
Interface	Display the name of the interface.		
Connection type	Display how to obtain the IP address in this interface, like static IP		
Connection type	or DHCP. For cellular interface, it only supports as DHCP client.		
IP	Display the IP address of the interface.		
	Drag this button to adjust the priority of network links. The top of		
- ·	the list has the highest priority.		
Edit	Click to edit ping probe settings of every network link.		
Settings			
Revert to High	When enabled, periodically detect whether the high-priority link can		
Priority Link	be pinged, and if so, switch the link with a higher priority.		
Revert Interval	Specify the number of seconds that you should wait for switching to		
Revert interval	the link with higher priority, range: 1 - 21600s.		
Emergency Reboot	Enable to reboot the device if not any link is available.		

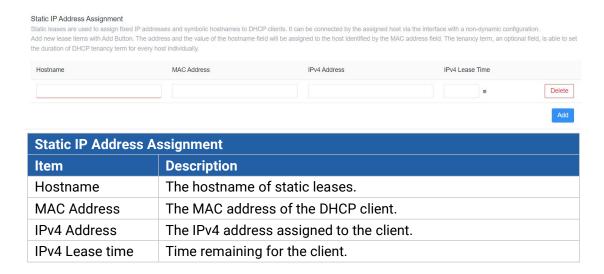
Ping Probe



Ping Probe	
Item	Description
Enable	If enabled, the device will periodically detect the connection status of the link by sending ICMP packets.
IPv4/IPv6 Primary Server	The device will send ICMP packet to the IPv4/IPv6 address to determine whether the network connection is still available or not.
IPv4/IPv6 Secondary Server	The device will try to ping the alternative server address if primary server is not available.
Interval	Time interval (in seconds) between two Pings.
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the device will ping again in every retry interval.
Timeout	The maximum amount of time the device will wait for a response to a ping request. If it does not receive a response for the amount of time predefined in this field, the ping request will be considered as fail.
Max Retries	The retry times of the device sending ping request until determining that the connection has failed.

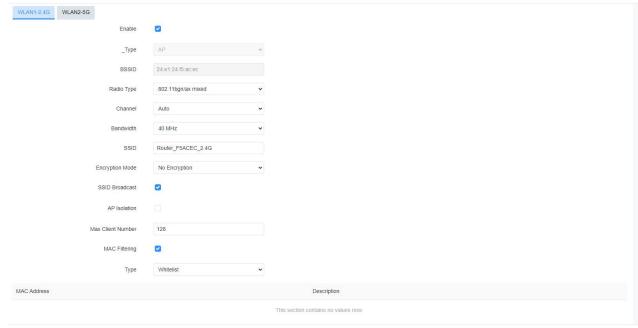
7.2.1.6 Static IP Address Assignment

When LAN interface works as DHCP server, users can assign fixed IP addresses and symbolic hostnames to devices with fixed MAC addresses.



7.2.2 WLAN (Wi-Fi Version Only)

This section explains how to set the related parameters for Wi-Fi network. UF51 supports both 2.4G and 5G Wi-Fi and they can work at the same time.



WLAN		
Item	Description	
Enable	Enable/disable WLAN.	
Туре	The work type is fixed as AP.	
BSSID	The MAC address of the access point.	
Radio Type	Select radio type.	
Channel	Select wireless channel from 1 to 13 or select Auto.	
Bandwidth	Select bandwidth. The options are 20MHz and 40MHz.	
SSID	Define the SSID of the access point.	
Encryption	Select encryption mode. The options are No Encryption, WEP Open System ,	

Mode	WEP Auto, WEP Shared Key, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, WPA3-PSK,			
	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK and WPA2-PSK/WPA3-PSK.			
Oimh an	Select cipher when using PSK type encryption mode. The options are AES,			
Cipher	TKIP and AES/TKIP.			
Key	Define the key of access point.			
Group Rekey	The interval of abouting the simbouters			
Interval	The interval of changing the cipher key.			
SSID	When SSID broadcast is disabled, other wireless devices can't find the SSID,			
Broadcast	and users have to enter the SSID manually to access to the wireless network.			
AD I I - +:	When AP isolation is enabled, all users that access to the AP are isolated			
AP Isolation	without communicating with each other.			
Max Client	T the control is at a control and the cont			
Number	Type the max client number that the access point supports, range: 1-128.			
MAC Filtering				
MAC Filtering	Enable or disable the filter of Wi-Fi client MAC addresses.			
	Whitelist: Only the listed MAC addresses are allowed to connect to the			
Type	device's wireless access point.			
Туре	Blacklist: The listed MAC addresses are not allowed to connect to the			
	device's wireless access point.			

Related Topic

Wi-Fi Application Example

7.2.3 Firewall

This section describes how to set the firewall parameters, including security, ACL, DMZ, Port Mapping and custom iptables rules. After setting, users can go to **Status > Firewall** to check if firewall settings work.

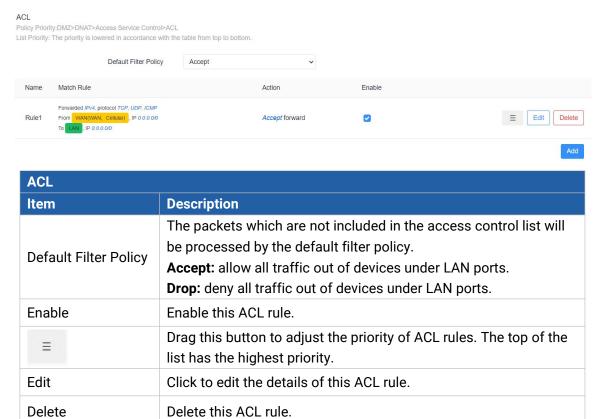
7.2.3.1 General Settings

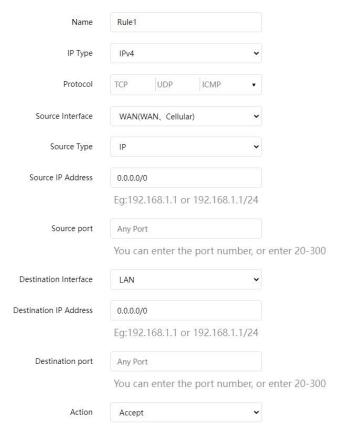
Security Configuration				
	Enable SYN-flood protection			
	Log in via HTTPS by default	⊘		
Access Control				
Name	Port		Local Access	Remote Access
НТТР	80			
HTTPS	443		•	
SSH	22			
TELNET	23			
URL Filter				
	Domain Name Keyword Filter	Please enter the keyword in the + Example: To filter www.google.com, enter google.		

General Setting				
Item	Description	Default		
Security Configuration				
Enable SYN-flood Protection	Enable/disable SYN-flood protection. SYN-flood protection allows to protect from a DDoS attack that exploits part of the normal TCP three-way handshake to consume resources on the targeted server and render it unresponsive.	Enable		
Log in using HTTPS by default	Log in the web GUI of device via HTTPS by default.	Enable		
Access Control				
Port	Set port number of the services. Range: 1-65535.			
Local Access	Access the device locally.	Enable		
Remote Access	Remote Access Access the device remotely.			
НТТР	Users can log in the device locally via HTTP to access and control it through Web after the option is checked.	80		
HTTPS	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via HTTPS to access and control it through Web after the option is checked.	443		
TELNET	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via Telnet after the option is checked.	23		
SSH	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via SSH after the option is checked.	22		
URL Filter				
Domain Name Keyword Filter	You can block specific website by entering keyword from a domain name. After filtering, the devices under LAN ports can not access corresponding websites. The maximum number of characters allowed is 64.			

7.2.3.2 ACL

The access control list, also called ACL, implements permission or prohibition of access for specified network traffic (such as the source IP address) by configuring a series of matching rules so as to filter the network interface traffic. When a device receives a packet, the field will be analyzed according to the ACL rule applied to the current interface. After the special packet is identified, the permission or prohibition of corresponding packet will be implemented according to preset strategy. The data package matching rules defined by ACL can also be used by other functions requiring flow distinction.



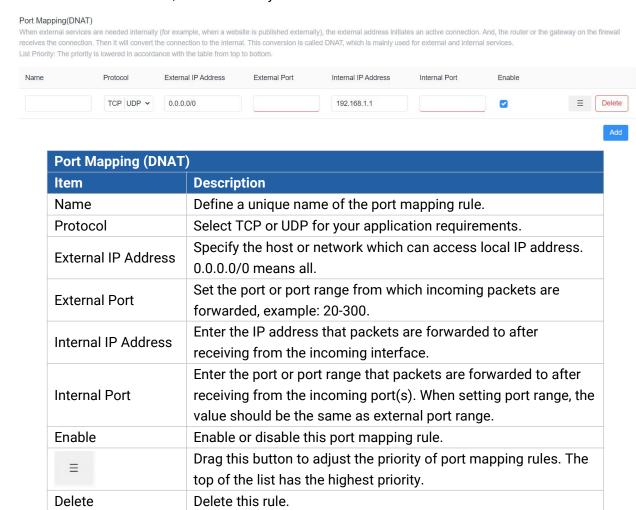


ACL - Add/Edit			
Name	Define a unique name for this ACL rule.		
Туре	Select type as IPv4 or IPv6.		
Protocol	Select protocol among TCP, UDP and ICMP.		
Source Interface	Select the source interface type from Device Output, LAN, VLAN or WAN (WAN, Cellular, WLAN). Device Output means the packets coming from device itself.		
Source Type	When using IPv4 type, select the address type as IP, MAC or IP+MAC.		
Source IP/MAC Address	Set source network address according to address type. (0.0.0.0/0 means all).		
Source Port	Set specific source port number or port range, example: 20-300.		
Destination Interface	Select the destination interface type from LAN, WAN (WAN, Cellular, WLAN), VLAN or Device Input. Device Input means the packets going to device itself.		
Destination IP Address	Set destination network address (0.0.0.0/0 means all).		
Destination Port	Set specific source port number or port range, example: 20-300.		
Action	Select action as Accept or Drop.		

7.2.3.3 Port Mapping (DNAT)

When external services are needed internally (for example, when a website is published externally), the external address initiates an active connection. And, the device or the gateway on the firewall receives

es the connection. Then it will convert the connection into the an internal connection. This conversion is called DNAT, which is mainly used for external and internal services.



Related Configuration Example

NAT Application Example

7.2.3.4 DMZ

DMZ is a host within the internal network that has all ports exposed, except those forwarded ports in port mapping.

DMZ

The DMZ host is an intranet host whose ports are only open to the specific addresses except for the occupied and forwarded ports. After enabling DMZ, all data received from the source IP address by the router will be forwarded to the DMZ host IP address filled in.



DMZ			
Item	Description		
Enable or disable DMZ.			
DMZ Host	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on the internal network.		
Source IP Address	Set the source IP address which can access to DMZ host.		
Source IP Address	"0.0.0.0/0" means any address.		

7.2.3.5 Custom Rules

In this page, you can enter your own custom firewall iptables rules and these will get executed as a Linux shell script.

Firewall - Custom Rules			
Custom rules allow you to execute the iptables commands of firewall. Note that the URL filtering command is invalid.			
# This file is interpreted as shell script. # Put your custom iptables rules here, they will			
# be executed with each firewall (re-)start.			
# Internal uci firewall chains are flushed and recreated on reload, so # put custom rules into the root chains e.g. INPUT or FORWARD or into the			
# special user chains, e.g. input_wan_rule or postrouting_lan_rule.			
	1		

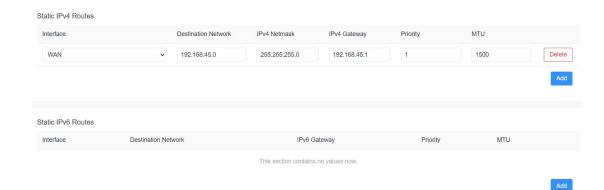
7.2.3.6 Certificates

In this page, you can import the HTTPS certificates for device web GUI secure access.



7.2.4 Static Routes

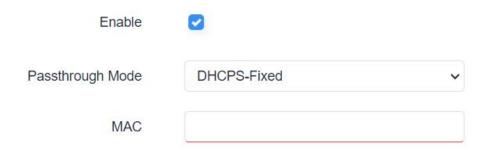
A static routing is a manually configured routing entry. Information about the routing is manually entered rather than obtained from dynamic routing traffic. After setting static routing, the package for the specified destination will be forwarded to the path designated by users.



Static Routes			
Item	Description		
Interface	The interface allows the data to reach the destination address.		
Destination	Enter the destination IPv4/IPv6 address.		
Network	Litter the destination if \$4/11 vo address.		
IPv4 Netmask	Enter the subnet mask of IPv4 destination address.		
IPv4/IPv6	IPv4/IPv6 address of the next device that will be passed by before the		
Gateway	input data reaches the destination address.		
Priority	Smaller value refers to higher priority. Range: 1-255.		
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.		

7.2.5 IP Passthrough

IP Passthrough mode shares or "passes" the Internet providers assigned IP address to a single LAN client device connected to the device.



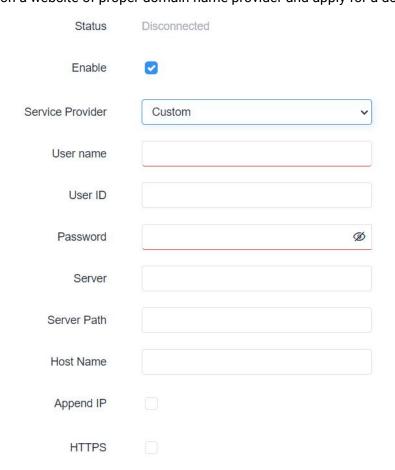
IP Passthrough			
Item	Description		
Enable	Enable or disable IP Passthrough.		
Passthrough Mode	Select passthrough mode from "DHCPS-Fixed" and "DHCPS-Dynamic".		
MAC	Set MAC address when passthrough mode is "DHCPS-Fixed".		

7.2.6 DDNS

Dynamic DNS (DDNS) is a method that automatically updates a name server in the Domain Name

System, which allows user to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name.

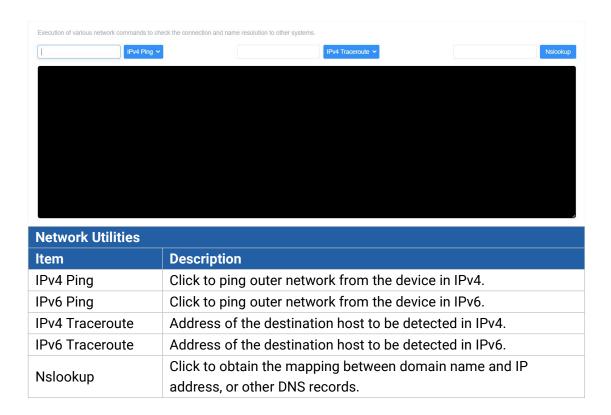
DDNS serves as a client tool and needs to coordinate with DDNS server. Before starting configuration, user shall register on a website of proper domain name provider and apply for a domain name.



DDNS			
Item	Description		
Status	Show connection status of DDNS.		
Enable	Enable/disable DDNS.		
Service Provider	Select the DDNS service provider.		
Username	Enter the username for DDNS register.		
User ID	Enter User ID of the custom DDNS server.		
Password	Enter the password for DDNS register.		
Server	Enter the name of DDNS server.		
Server Path	By default the hostname is appended to the path.		
Hostname	Enter the hostname for DDNS.		
Append IP	Append your current IP to the DDNS server update path.		
HTTPS	Enable HTTPS for some DDNS providers.		

7.2.7 Diagnostics

Network Utilities includes IPv4/IPv6 ping, IPv4/IPv6 traceroute, nslookup the command-line tool.



7.3 VPN

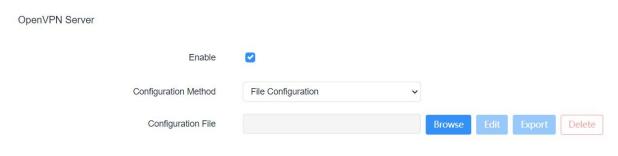
Virtual Private Networks, also called VPNs, are used to securely connect two private networks together so that devices can connect from one network to the other network via secure channels.

7.3.1 OpenVPN

OpenVPN is an open source virtual private network (VPN) product that offers a simplified security framework, modular network design, and cross-platform portability. The default OpenVPN version of UF51 is 2.5.3.

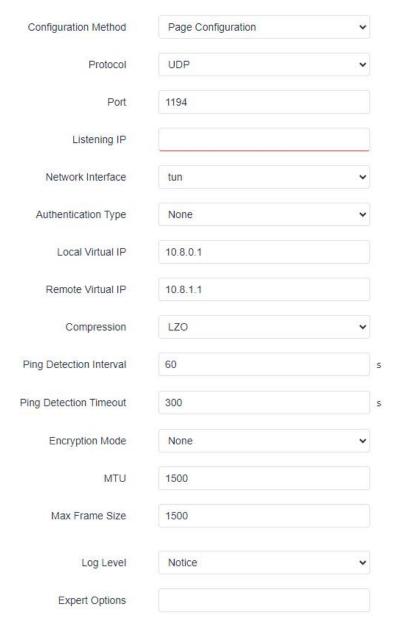
7.3.1.1 OpenVPN Server

UF51 supports OpenVPN server to create secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. You can import the ovpn file directly or configure the parameters on this page to set this server.



OpenVPN Server - File Configuration

Item	Description
Browse	Click to browse the server configuration ovpn format file including the settings and certificate contents. Please refer to the server configuration file according to sample: server.conf
Edit	Click to edit the imported file.
Export	Export the server configuration file.
Delete	Click to delete the configuration file.



Account			
Username		Password	
		This section contains no values now.	
			Add Account
Local Router			
Subnet	Subnet Mask		
		This section contains no values now.	
			Add Router
			Pada Notaci
Client Subnet			
Name	Subnet	Subnet Mask	
		This section contains no values now.	

OpenVPN Server - Page Configuration		
Item	Description	
Protocol	Select a transport protocol used by connection from UDP and TCP.	
Listening IP	Enter the local hostname or IP address for bind. If left blank, OpenVPN	
	server will bind to all interfaces.	
Port	Enter the TCP/UCP service number for OpenVPN client connection.	
POIL	Range: 1-65535.	
	Select virtual VPN network interface type from TUN and TAP. TUN	
Network Interface	devices encapsulate IPv4 or IPv6 (OSI Layer 3) while TAP devices	
	encapsulate Ethernet 802.3 (OSI Layer 2).	
	Select authentication type used to secure data sessions.	
	Pre-shared: use the same secret key as server to complete the	
	authentication. After select, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page	
	to import a static.key to PSK field.	
	Username/Password: use username/password which is preset in server	
Authentication Type	side to complete the authentication.	
	X.509 cert: use X.509 type certificate to complete the authentication.	
	After select, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page to import CA	
	certificate, client certificate and client private key to corresponding fields.	
	X.509 cert + user: use both username/password and X.509 cert	
	authentication type.	
Local Virtual IP	Set local tunnel address when authentication type is None or Pre-shared .	
Remote Virtual IP	Set remote tunnel address when authentication type is None or	
Nemote virtual ir	Pre-shared.	
Client Subnet	Define an IP address pool for openVPN client.	
Client Netmask	Set the client subnet netmask to limit the IP address range.	
Renegotiation Interval	Renegotiate data channel key after this interval. 0 means disable.	
Max Clients	Limit server to a maximum of concurrent clients, range: 1-128.	
	Note: please adjust log severity to Info if you need to connect many	
	clients.	
Enable CRL	Enable or disable CRL verify.	
Enable Client to Client	When enabled, openVPN clients can communicate with each other.	

Add Subnet

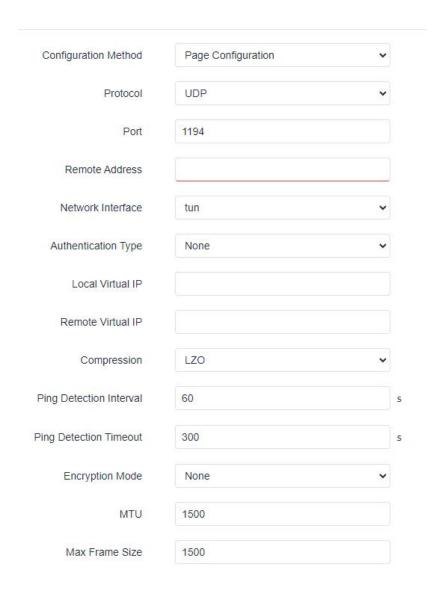
Enable Dup Client	Allow multiple clients to connect with the same common name or certification.	
	Disable or enable TLS authentication when authentication type is X.509	
	cert. After being enabled, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page to	
Enable TLS	import a ta.key to TA field.	
Authentication	Note: this option only supports tls-auth. For tls-crypt, please add this	
	format string on expert option: tls-crypt	
	/etc/openvpn/openvpn-client1-ta.key	
Compression	Select to enable or disable LZO to compress data.	
	Set link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. If this is set	
Ping Detection Interval	on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the	
	client local values. Range: 10-1800 s.	
Dina Dataatian	OpenVPN will be reestablished after timeout. If this is set on both server	
Ping Detection	and client, the value pushed from server will override the client local	
Timeout	values. Range: 60-3600 s.	
Fig. am matical Advada	Select from NONE, BF-CBC, DES-CBC, DES-EDE3-CBC, AES-128-CBC,	
Encryption Mode	AES-192-CBC and AES-256-CBC.	
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.	
Max Frame Size	Set the maximum frame size. Range: 64-1500.	
Verbose Level	Select from ERROR, WARING, NOTICE and DEBUG.	
	User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the	
Expert Options	strings with semicolon.	
	Example: auth SHA256; key direction 1	
Account		
Username & Password	Set username and password for OpenVPN client when authentication type	
Osemanie & rassword	is username/password.	
Local Router		
Subnet	Set the local route's IP address.	
Subnet Mask	Set the local route's netmask.	
Client Subnet		
Name	Set the name as OpenVPN client certificate common name.	
Subnet	Set the subnet of OpenVPN client.	
Subnet Mask	Set the subnet netmask of OpenVPN client.	

7.3.1.2 OpenVPN Client

UF51 supports running at most 3 OpenVPN clients at the same time. You can import the ovpn file directly or configure the parameters on this page to set clients.



OpenVPN Client - File Configuration		
Item	Description	
Browse	Click to browse the client configuration ovpn format file including the settings and certificate contents. Please refer to the client configuration file according to sample: client.conf	
Edit	Click to edit the imported file.	
Export	Export the server configuration file.	
Delete	Click to delete the configuration file.	



	Log Level	Notice	~	
	Expert Options			
Local Router				
Subnet	Subnet Mas	sk		
	,	This section contains no values now.		
				Add Router

OpenVPN Client - Page Configuration		
Item	Description	
Protocol	Select a transport protocol used by connecting UDP and TCP.	
Remote IP Address	Enter remote OpenVPN server's IP address or domain name.	
Port	Enter the TCP/UCP service number of remote OpenVPN server. Range: 1-65535.	
Network Interface	Select virtual VPN network interface type from TUN and TAP. TUN devices encapsulate IPv4 or IPv6 (OSI Layer 3) while TAP devices encapsulate Ethernet 802.3 (OSI Layer 2).	
Authentication Type	Select authentication type used to secure data sessions. Pre-shared: use the same secret key as server to complete the authentication. After selecting, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page to import a static.key to PSK field. Username/Password: use username/password which is preset in server side to complete the authentication. X.509 cert: use X.509 type certificate to complete the authentication. After selecting, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page to import CA	
	certificate, client certificate and client private key to corresponding fields. X.509 cert + user: use both username/password and X.509 cert authentication type.	
Local Virtual IP	Set local tunnel address when authentication type is None or Pre-shared .	
Remote Virtual IP	Set remote tunnel address when authentication type is None or Pre-shared .	
Global Traffic Forwarding	All the data traffic will be sent out via OpenVPN tunnel when this function is enabled.	
Enable TLS Authentication	Disable or enable TLS authentication when authentication type is X.509 cert. After being enabled, go to VPN > OpenVPN > Certifications page to import a ta.key to TA field. Note: this option only supports tls-auth. For tls-crypt, please add this format string on expert option: tls-crypt /etc/openvpn/openvpn-client1-ta.key	
Compression	Select to enable or disable LZO to compress data.	
Ping Detection Interval	Set link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. If this is set on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the	

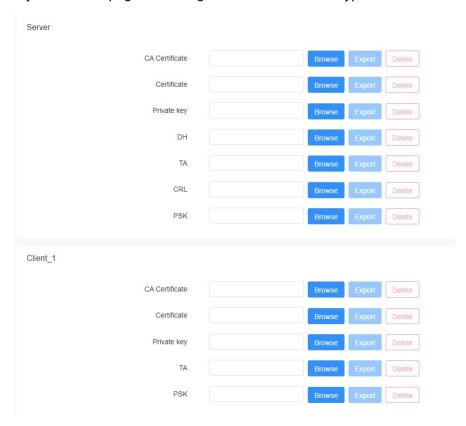
	client local values. Range: 10-1800 s.	
Ping Detection Timeout	OpenVPN will be reestablished after timeout. If this is set on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the client local values. Range: 60-3600 s.	
Encryption Mode	Select from NONE, BF-CBC, DES-CBC, DES-EDE3-CBC, AES-128-CBC, AES-192-CBC and AES-256-CBC.	
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 128-1500.	
Max Frame Size	Set the maximum frame size. Range: 128-1500.	
Verbose Level	Select from ERROR, WARING, NOTICE and DEBUG.	
Expert Options	User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with semicolon. Example: auth SHA256; key direction 1	
Local Route		
Subnet	Set the local route's IP address.	
Subnet Mask	Set the local route's netmask.	

Related Configuration Example

OpenVPN Client Application Example

7.3.1.3 Certificate

When using page configuration of OpenVPN server or client, user can import/export necessary certificate and key files to this page according to the authentication types.

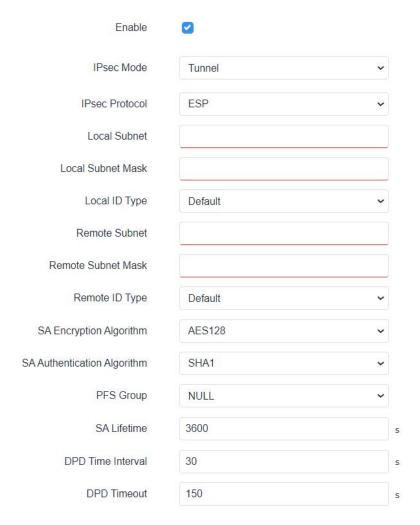


7.3.2 IPsecVPN

IPsec is especially useful for implementing virtual private networks and for remote user access through dial-up connection to private networks. A big advantage of IPsec is that security arrangements can be handled without requiring changes to individual computer.

IPsec provides three choices of security service: Authentication Header (AH), Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP), and Internet Key Exchange (IKE). AH essentially allows authentication of the senders' data. ESP supports both authentications of the sender and data encryption. IKE is used for cipher code exchange. All of them can protect one and more data flows between hosts, between host and gateway, and between gateways.

7.3.2.1 IPSec Server



IPsec Server	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable IPsec server mode.
IPsec Mode	Select Tunnel or Transport.

IPsec Protocol	Select from ESP or AH.
Local Subnet	Enter the local LAN subnet IP address on the IPsec tunnel.
Local Subnet Netmask	Enter the local LAN netmask on the IPsec tunnel.
	Select the identifier type, and send it to remote peer.
	Default: None
Lecal ID Type	ID: use local subnet IP address as ID
Local ID Type	FQDN: fully qualified domain name, example: test.user.com
	User FQDN: fully qualified username string with email
	address format, example: test@user.com
Remote Subnet	Set the remote LAN subnet on the IPsec tunnel.
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote LAN netmask on the IPsec tunnel.
	Select the identifier type that is the same as remote peer
	local ID.
	Default: None
Remote ID type	ID: use remote subnet IP address as ID
	FQDN: fully qualified domain name, example: test.user.com
	User FQDN: fully qualified username string with email
	address format, example: test@user.com
SA Encryption Algorithm	Select AES128, AES192 or AES256.
SA Authentication	Select SHA1 or SHA2-256.
Algorithm	Select SHAT OF SHAZ-250.
PFS Group	Select NULL, MODP768_1, MODP1024_2 or MODP1536_5.
SA Lifetime	Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400 s.
DPD Interval Time	Set DPD retry interval to send DPD requests. Range: 2-60 s
DPD Timeout	When using IKE V1, set DPD timeout to detect the remote
ווחeout	side fails. Range: 10-3600s.

IKE Parameter	
IKE Version	IKEv1
Negotiation Mode	Main
Encryption Algorithm	DES
Authentication Algorithm	MD5
DH Group	MODP768-1
Local Authentication	PSK
XAUTH	
Lifetime	10800
SK List	
Selector	

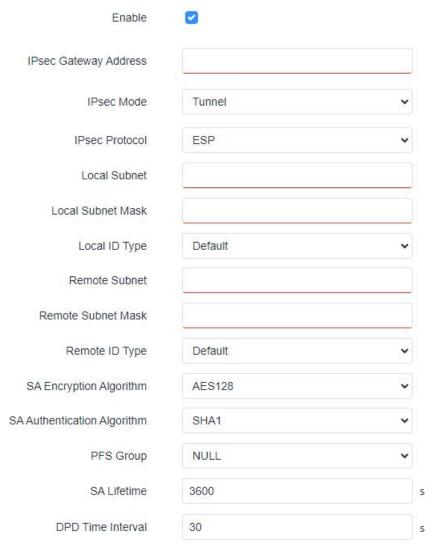
This section contains no values r



Item	Description	
IKE Version	Select the method of key exchange from IKEv1 and IKEv2.	
Negotiation Mode	When using IKEv1, select Main or Aggressive.	
Encryption Algorithm	Select DES, 3DES, AES128, AES192 or AES256.	
Authentication Algorithm	Select MD5, SHA1 or SHA2-256.	
DH Group	Select MODP768_1, MODP1024_2 or MODP1536_5.	
	Select PSK or CA.	
	PSK: use pre-shared key to complete the authentication.	
Local Authentication	CA: use certificate to complete the authentication. After selecting, go	
	to VPN > IPsec > Certifications page to import CA certificate, local	
	certificate and private key to corresponding fields.	
	When using IKEv2, select PSK or CA.	
Remote Authentication	PSK: use pre-shared key to complete the authentication.	
	CA: use certificate to complete the authentication.	
XAUTH	When using IKEv1, define XAUTH username and password after	
AAUTT	XAUTH is enabled.	
Lifetime	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400 s.	
XAUTH List		
Username	Define the username used for the client xauth authentication.	
Password	Define the password used for the client xauth authentication.	
PSK List		
Selector	Set the selector as IP address or local ID of IPsec client. If it is left	
Selector	blank, all clients can use this PSK to complete authentication.	
PSK	Define the pre-shared key.	
IPsec Advanced		
Enable Compression	The head of IP packet will be compressed after it's enabled.	
Margintima	Set advanced time before the lifetime expires to begin the	
Margintime	re-negotiation.	
Expert Options	User can enter some other initialization strings in this field to add extra	
Exherr ohmons	settings and separate the strings with semicolon.	

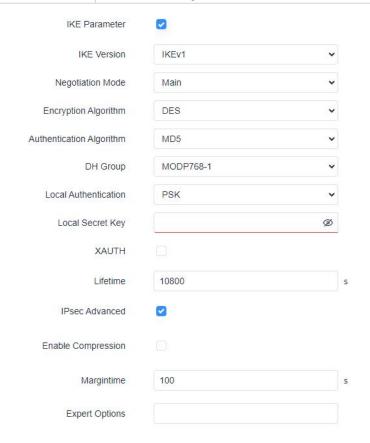
7.3.2.2 IPSec Client

UF51 supports running at most 3 IPsec clients at the same time.



IPsec Client		
Item	Description	
Enable	Enable or disable IPsec client mode. A maximum of 3	
LITABLE	tunnels is allowed.	
IP Gateway Address	Enter the remote IPsec server address.	
IPsec Mode	Select Tunnel or Transport.	
IPsec Protocol	Select ESP or AH.	
Local Subnet	Enter the local LAN subnet IP address on the IPsec tunnel.	
Local Subnet Netmask	Enter the local LAN netmask on the IPsec tunnel.	
	Select the identifier type to send to remote peer.	
	Default: None	
Local ID Type	ID: use local subnet IP address as ID	
Local ID Type	FQDN: fully qualified domain name, example: test.user.com	
	User FQDN: fully qualified username string with email	
	address format, example:test@user.com	
Remote Subnet	Set the remote LAN subnet that on the IPsec tunnel.	
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote LAN netmask on the IPsec tunnel.	

Remote ID type	Select the identifier type that is the same as remote peer local ID. Default: None ID: use remote subnet IP address as ID FQDN: fully qualified domain name, example: test.user.com User FQDN: fully qualified username string with email address format, example: test@user.com
SA Encryption Algorithm	Select AES128, AES192 or AES256.
SA Authentication Algorithm	Select SHA1 or SHA2-256.
PFS Group	Select NULL, MODP768_1, MODP1024_2 or MODP1536_5.
SA Lifetime	Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400 s.
DPD Interval Time	Set DPD retry interval to send DPD requests. Range: 2-60 s
DPD Timeout	When using IKEv1, set DPD timeout to detect the remote side fails. Range: 10-3600 s.

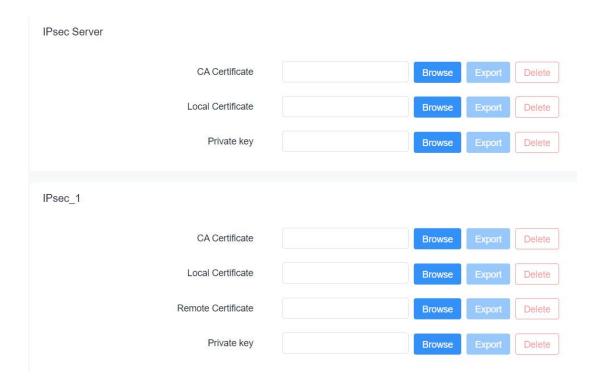


IKE Parameter	
Item	Description
IKE Version	Select the method of key exchange of IKEv1 or IKEv2.
Negotiation Mode	When using IKEv1, select Main or Aggressive.
Encryption Algorithm	Select DES, 3DES, AES128, AES192 or AES256.
Authentication Algorithm	Select MD5, SHA1 or SHA2-256.

DH Group	Select MODP768_1, MODP1024_2 or MODP1536_5.		
	Select PSK or CA.		
	PSK: use pre-shared key to complete the authentication.		
Local Authentication	CA: use certificate to complete the authentication. After selecting, go		
	to VPN > IPsec > Certifications page to import CA certificate, local		
	certificate and private key to corresponding fields.		
Local Secret Key	Enter the pre-shared key which is defined on serer side.		
	Select PSK or CA.		
Remote Authentication	PSK: use pre-shared key to complete the authentication.		
	CA: use certificate to complete the authentication.		
Remote Key	Enter the pre-shared key which is defined on server side.		
XAUTH	When using IKEv1, define XAUTH username and password after		
XAUTH	XAUTH is enabled.		
Lifetime	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400 s.		
IPsec Advanced			
Enable Compression	The head of IP packet will be compressed after it's enabled.		
Morgintino	Set advanced time before the lifetime expires to begin the		
Margintime	re-negotiation.		
Evnert Ontions	User can enter some other initialization strings in this field to add extra		
Expert Options	settings and separate the strings with semicolon.		

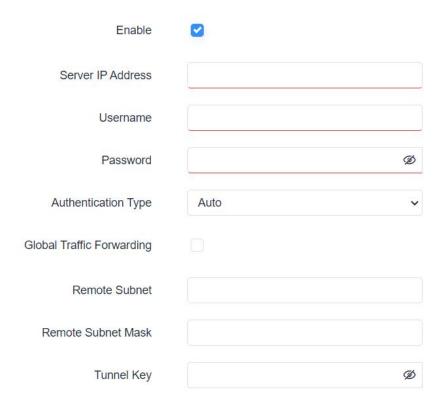
7.3.2.3 Certificate

When using local authentication of IPsec server or client as CA, user can import/export necessary certificate and key files to this page.



7.3.3 L2TP

Layer Two Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is an extension of the Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) used by an Internet service provider (ISP) to enable the operation of a virtual private network (VPN) over the Internet.



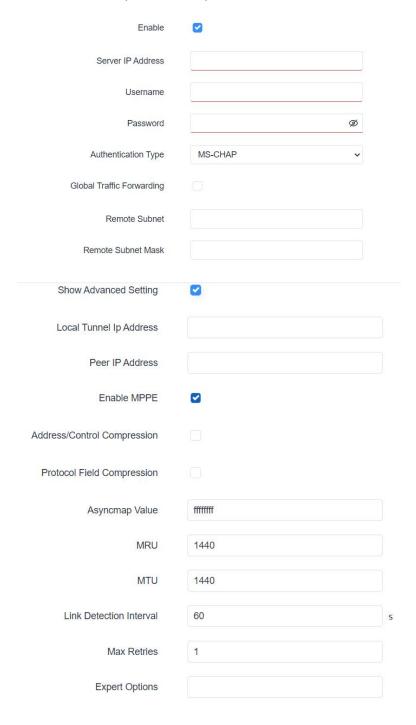
Show Advanced Setting		
Local Tunnel Ip Address		
Peer IP Address		
Enable MPPE		
Address/Control Compression		
Protocol Field Compression		
Asyncmap Value	fffffff	
MRU	1440	
MTU	1440	
Link Detection Interval	60	s
Max Retries	1	
Expert Options		

L2TP		
Item	Description	
Enable	Enable or disable L2TP client.	
Server IP Address	Enter remote L2TP server's IP address or domain name.	
Username	Enter the username that L2TP server provides.	
Password	Enter the password that L2TP server provides.	
Authentication Type	Select authentication type used to secure data sessions.	
Global Traffic	All the data traffic will be sent out via L2TP VPN tunnel when this function	
Forwarding	is enabled.	
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet of L2TP VPN server.	
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote netmask of L2TP VPN server.	
Tunnel Key	Enter the password of L2TP tunnel.	
Local Tunnel IP	Set tunnel IP address of L2TP client. Client will obtain tunnel IP address	
Address	automatically from the server when it's null.	
Peer IP Address	Enter tunnel IP address of L2TP server.	
Enable MPPE	Enable or disable MPPE(Microsoft Point to Point Encryption).	
Address/Control	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.	
Compression	To TTT Initialization. Osci carriccep the detaalt option.	
Protocol Field	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.	
Compression	1 of 1 1 1 militarization. Oser can keep the default option.	
Asyncmap Value	One of the L2TP initialization strings. User can keep the default value.	
Adynomiap value	Range: 0-ffffffff.	
MRU	Set the maximum receive unit. Range: 64-1500.	

MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1500.	
Link Detection Interval	Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 0-600.	
Expert Options	User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with semicolon.	

7.3.4 PPTP

Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) is a protocol that uses a TCP control channel and a Generic Routing Encapsulation tunnel to encapsulate PPP packets.

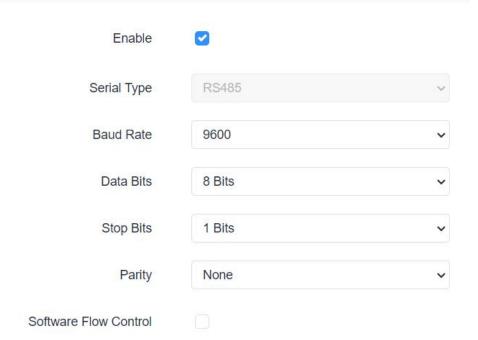


PPTP		
Item	Description	
Enable	Enable or disable PPTP client.	
Server IP Address	Enter remote PPTP server's IP address or domain name.	
Username	Enter the username that PPTP server provides.	
Password	Enter the password that PPTP server provides.	
Authentication Type	Select authentication type used to secure data sessions.	
Global Traffic	All the data traffic will be sent out viaPPTP VPN tunnel when this function	
Forwarding	is enabled.	
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet of PPTP VPN server.	
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote netmask of PPTP VPN server.	
Local Tunnel IP	Set tunnel IP address of PPTP client. Client will obtain tunnel IP address	
Address	automatically from the server when it's null.	
Peer IP Address	Enter tunnel IP address of PPTP server.	
Enable MPPE	Enable MPPE(Microsoft Point to Point Encryption).	
Address/Control	For DDD initialization. User can keep the default ention	
Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.	
Protocol Field	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.	
Compression	1 of 1 1 1 mittalization. Oser can keep the default option.	
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPTP initialization strings. User can keep the default value.	
7.6yrioinap vaide	Range: 0-ffffffff.	
MRU	Set the maximum receive unit. Range: 64-1440.	
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 68-1440.	
Link Detection Interval	Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range:	
Link Detection interval	0-600.	
Max Retries	Set the maximum times of retrying to detect the PPTP connection failure.	
INIGA RECITES	Range: 0-10.	
Expert Options	User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the	
Expert Options	strings with semicolon.	

7.4 Service

7.4.1 Serial Port

This section explains how to configure serial port parameters to achieve communication with serial terminals, and configure work mode to achieve communication with the remote data centers, so as to achieve two-way communication between serial terminals and remote data centers.



Serial Setting			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable	Enable or disable serial port function.	Disable	
Serial Type	It is fixed as RS485 by default. If you want RS232 port, please contact sales before ordering.		
Baud Rate	The range is 300-230400. Same with the baud rate of the connected terminal device.	9600	
Data Bits	8 bits or 7 bits optional. Same with the data bits of the connected terminal device.	8	
Stop Bits	1 bit or 2 bits optional. Same with the stop bits of the connected terminal device.	1	
Parity	Options are None, Odd and Even. Same with the parity of the connected terminal device.	None	
Software Flow Control	Enable or disable software flow control.	Disable	
Serial Mode	Select work mode of the serial port. DTU Mode: In DTU mode, the serial port can establish communication with the remote server/client. GPS: In GPS mode, go to Service > GPS > GPS Serial Forwarding to configure basic parameters to send GPS data to serial port. Modbus Client: In Modbus Client mode, go to Service > Modbus Client to configure basic parameters and channels.	Disable	

Serial Mode	DTU	~
DTU Protocol	TCP Client	•
Keepalive Interval	75	S
Keepalive Retry Times	9	
Reconnect Interval	10	s
Specific Protocol		
Packet Size	1024	Byte
Serial Frame Interval	100	ms
Register String		

Destination IP Address

Server Address Server Port Status

This section contains no values now.

DTU Mode		
Item	Description	Default
DTU Protocol	Select from below protocols: TCP Client: the device is used as TCP client and transmits data to TCP server transparently.	
	UDP Client: the device is used as UDP client and transmits data to UDP server transparently.	
	TCP server: the device is used as TCP server to wait for polling data. UDP server: the device is used as UDP server to wait for polling data. Modbus: the device will be used as Modbus gateway, which can achieve conversion between Modbus RTU and Modbus TCP.	
	Node-RED: the device will forward the data to the Serial Input node when Node-RED is installed.	
TCP/UDP Server		
Local port	Set the local port of this TCP/UDP server. Range: 1-65535.	502
Keepalive	After TCP connection is established, client will send heartbeat packet	75
Interval	regularly by TCP to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600 s.	
Max Retries	When TCP heartbeat times out, device will resend heartbeat. After it reaches the limitation of the preset retry times, TCP connection will be reestablished. The retry times range is 1-16.	9
Packet Size	Set the size of the serial data frame. Packet will be sent out when preset frame size reaches the limitation. The size range is 1-1024 byte.	1024
Serial Frame Interval	The interval that the device sends out real serial data stored in the buffer area to public network. The range is 10-65535 ms. Note: data will be sent out to public network when real serial data size reaches the preset packet size, even though it's within the serial frame interval.	100
TCP/UDP Client		

Set the size of the serial data frame. Packet will be sent out when	1024
Set the maximum retry times after it fails to read.	3
Set the maximum response time that the device waits for the respons e to the command. If the device does not get a response after the ma ximum response time, it's determined that the command has run out of time.	3000
Set the interval for reading remote channels. When a read cycle ends, the new read cycle begins until this interval expires. If it is set to 0, the device will restart the new read cycle after all channels have been read.	100
in the connection timeout period, the TCP connection will be broken.	60
Specify the maximum number of TCP clients allowed to connect the d evice which act as a TCP server. If the TCP server does not receive any data from the clave device with	32
Set the device listening port. Range: 1-65535.	502
Show the connection status between the device and the server.	
Fill in the TCP or UDP server port. Range: 1-65535.	
Fill in the TCP or UDP server address (IP/domain name).	Null
When setting UDP client, define register string for connection with the server.	
The interval that the device sends out real serial data stored in the buffer area to public network. The range is 10-65535 ms. Note: data will be sent out to public network when real serial data size reaches the preset packet size, even though it's within the serial frame interval.	100
Set the size of the serial data frame. Packet will be sent out when preset frame size is reached. The range is 1-1024 byte.	1024
Define unique ID of each device. No longer than 63 characters and do not contain space character.	_
With Specific Protocol, the device will send heartbeat packet to the server regularly to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600s.	30
With Specific Protocol, the device will be able to connect to the TCP2COM software.	Disable
	10
When TCP heartbeat times run out, the device will resend heartbeat. After it reaches the preset retry times, device will reconnect to TCP server. The range is 1-16.	
After TCP client is connected with TCP server, the client will send heartbeat packet by TCP regularly to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600 s.	75
	heartbeat packet by TCP regularly to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600 s. When TCP heartbeat times run out, the device will resend heartbeat. After it reaches the preset retry times, device will reconnect to TCP server. The range is 1-16. When connection failes, device will reconnect to the server at the preset interval. The range is 10-60 s. With Specific Protocol, the device will be able to connect to the TCP2COM software. With Specific Protocol, the device will send heartbeat packet to the server regularly to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600s. Define unique ID of each device. No longer than 63 characters and do not contain space character. Set the size of the serial data frame. Packet will be sent out when preset frame size is reached. The range is 1-1024 byte. The interval that the device sends out real serial data stored in the buffer area to public network. The range is 10-65535 ms. Note: data will be sent out to public network when real serial data size reaches the preset packet size, even though it's within the serial frame interval. When setting UDP client, define register string for connection with the server. Fill in the TCP or UDP server address (IP/domain name). Fill in the TCP or UDP server port. Range: 1-65535. Show the connection status between the device and the server. Set the device listening port. Range: 1-65535. Specify the maximum number of TCP clients allowed to connect the device which act as a TCP server. If the TCP server does not receive any data from the slave device with in the connection timeout period, the TCP connection will be broken. Set the interval for reading remote channels. When a read cycle ends, the new read cycle begins until this interval expires. If it is set to 0, the device will restart the new read cycle after all channels have been read. Set the maximum response time that the device waits for the response to the command. If the device does not get a response after the maximum response time, it's determined that the command has run o

Serial Frame Interval

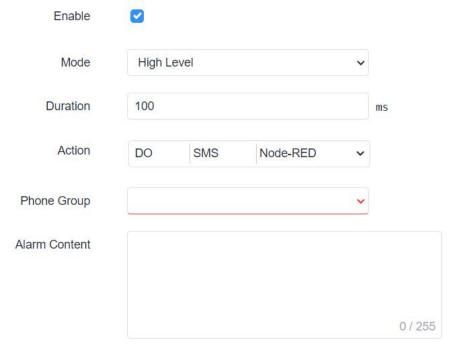
Related Configuration Example

DTU Application Example

7.4.2 I/O

7.4.2.1 DI

This section explains how to configure monitoring condition on digital input, and take certain actions once the condition is reached.



DI	DI	
Item	Description	
Enable	Enable or disable DI.	
Mode	Select the working mode of DI.	
	High Level: when it detects high level, trigger the action.	
	Low Level: when it detects low level, trigger the action.	
	Counter: when it detects a pulse, the counter value will increase by 1.	
Duration (ms)	When the mode is high/low level, set the continuous duration of high/low level.	
	Range: 1-10000.	
Trigger Condition	When mode is counter, select the counter trigger condition.	
	Low->High: The counter value will increase by 1 if digital input's status changes	
	from low level to high level.	

	High->Low: The counter value will increase by 1 if digital input's status changes from high level to low level.
Trigger	The system will take actions accordingly when the counter value reach the preset
Counter	one, and then reset the counter value to 0. Range: 1-100.
	Select the corresponding actions that the system will take when digital input
Action	mode meets the preset condition or duration.
	DO: Control output status of DO.
	SMS: select phone group to send SMS alarms.
	Node-RED: send the DI status to Digital Input node when Node-RED is installed.

7.4.2.2 DO

This section describes how to configure digital output mode.



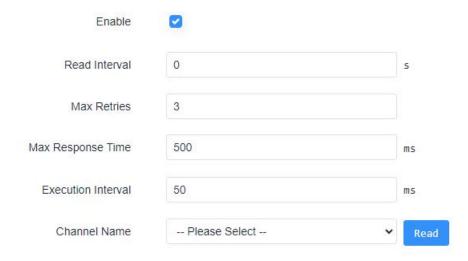
DO	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable DO.
Mode	Select the working mode of DO. High Level: trigger the DO to send high level signal. Low Level: trigger the DO to send low level signal. Counter: trigger the DO to send pulses.
Initial Status	Select high level or low level as the initial status of the pulse.
Duration of High Level (*10ms)	Set the duration of pulse's high level. Range: 1-10000.
Duration of Low Level (*10ms)	Set the duration of pulse's low level. Range: 1-10000.
The Number of Pulse	Set the quantity of pulse. Range: 1-100.

7.4.3 Modbus Client (Master)

UF51 can be set as Modbus RTU/TCP Client to poll the remote Modbus Server and send data to TCP server.

7.4.3.1 Modbus Client

You can configure Modbus Client's parameters on this page.



Modbus Client		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Enable/disable Modbus master.	
Read Interval	Set the interval for reading remote channels. When the read cycle ends, the commands which haven't been sent out will be discard, and the new read cycle begins. If it is set as 0, the device will restart the new read cycle after all channels have been read. Range: 0-600 s.	0
Max Retries	Set the maximum retry times when it fails to read, range: 0-5.	3
Max Response Time	Set the maximum response time that the device waits for the response to the command. If the device does not get a response after the maximum response time, it's determined that the command has run out of time. Range: 10-1000 ms.	500
Execution Interval	The execution interval between each command. Range: 10-1000 ms.	50
Channel Name	Select a readable channel form Service > Channel > Channel _ Modbus .	

7.4.3.2 Channel_Modbus

You can add the channels and configure alarm setting on this page, so as to connect the device to the remote Modbus Server to poll the address on this page and receive alarms from the device in different conditions.



Channel Setting		
Item	Description	
Name	Set the name to identify the remote channel. It cannot be blank.	
Server ID	Set Modbus server ID.	
Register Address	The starting address for Modbus reading.	
Number	The reading quantity from starting address.	
Command	Read command data type, options are Coil, Discrete, Holding Register (INT16),	
Туре	Input Register (INT16), Holding Register (INT32) and Holding Register (Float).	
Link Type	Select serial port or TCP connection. Serial Port: the device communicate with devices via Modbus RTU protocol. TCP: the device communicate with devices via Modbus TCP protocol.	
Remote Device IP	When link is TCP, fill in the IP address of the remote Modbus TCP device.	
Port	When link is TCP, fill in the port of the remote Modbus TCP device.	
Sign	When command data type is holding register or input register, enable or disable to identify whether this channel is signed.	
Decimal Place	When command data type is holding register or input register, indicate a dot in the read into the position of the channel. For example: read the channel value is 1234 and a Decimal Place is equal to 2, then the actual value is 12.34.	

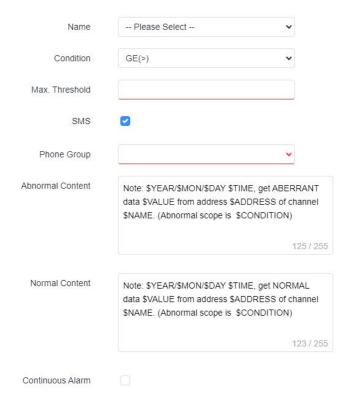
Alarm Setting

Name Condition Alarm

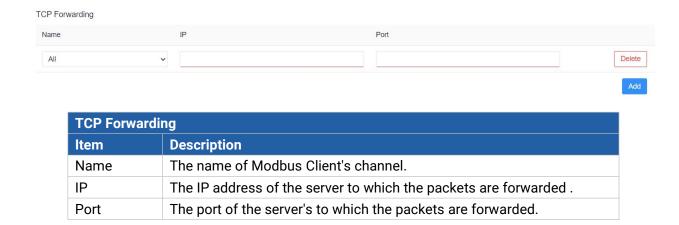
This section contains no values now.

Add

Add Alarm Setting

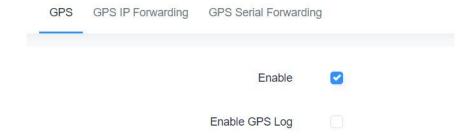


Alarm Setting		
Item	Description	
Name	Select the Modbus channel.	
Condition	The condition that triggers alert.	
Min.	Set the min. value to trigger the alert. When the actual value is less than	
Threshold	this value, the alarm will be triggered.	
Max.	Set the max. value to trigger the alert. When the actual value is more than	
Threshold	this value, the alarm will be triggered.	
SMS	Enable or disable SMS alarm when Modbus channel meets the condition.	
Phone	Select the phone group to receive the alarm SMS. The phone group can be	
Group	added on Service > Phone&SMS > Phone page.	
Abnormal	When the actual value meets the preset condition, the device will	
Content	automatically trigger the alarm and send the preset abnormal content to	
Content	the specified phone group.	
Normal	When the actual value is restored to the normal value from exceeding the	
Content	threshold value, the device will automatically cancel the abnormal alarm	
Content	and send the preset normal content to the specified phone group.	
Continuous	Once enabled, the same alarm will be continuously reported. Otherwise,	
Alarm	the same alarm will be reported only one time.	



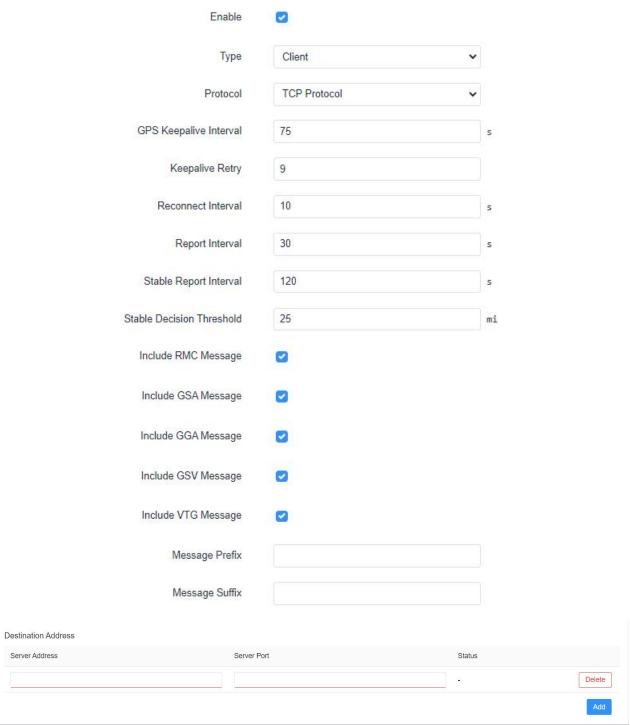
7.4.4 GPS

Users can enable GPS feature here. For more debug information, please also enable GPS log.



7.4.4.1 GPS IP Forwarding

GPS IP forwarding means that GPS data can be forwarded over the Internet.

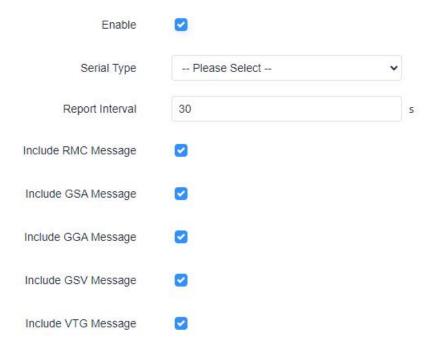


GPS IP Forwarding		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Forward the GPS data to the client or server.	Disable
Туре	Select connection type of the device as Client or Server.	Client
Protocol	Select protocol of data transmission as TCP or UDP.	TCP
GPS Keepalive Interval	When it's connected with server/client, the device will send heartbeat packet regularly to the server/client to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600s.	75
Keepalive	When TCP heartbeat times run out, the device will resend heartbeat.	9

Retry	After it reaches the preset retry times, device will reconnect to TCP server. The range is 1-16.	
Local Port	Set the device listening port when using as a Server. Range: 1-65535.	
Reconnect Interval	When the connection fails, device will reconnect to the server at the preset interval. The range is 10-60 s.	10
Report Interval	The device will send GPS data to the server/client according to this interval if it reaches the stable decision threshold. The range is 1-65535 s.	30
Stable Report Interval	The device will send GPS data to the server/client according to this interval if it does not reach the stable decision threshold. The range is 1-65535 s.	120
Stable Decision Threshold	The GPS location deviation within this distance can be regarded as no change. The range is 1-65535 m.	25
Include RMC Message	RMC includes time, date, position, course and speed data.	Enable
Include GSA Message	GSA includes GPS receiver operating mode, satellites used in the position solution, and DOP values.	Enable
Include GGA Message	GGA includes time, position and fix type data.	Enable
Include GSV Message	GSV includes the number, elevation, azimuth of GPS satellites and SNR values.	Enable
Include VTG Message	VTG includes course and speed information relative to the ground.	Enable
Message Prefix	Add a prefix to the GPS data.	Null
Message Suffix	Add a suffix to the GPS data.	Null
Destination Add	ress	
Server Address	Fill in the server address to receive GPS data (IP/domain name).	
Server Port	Fill in the server port to receive GPS data. Range: 1-65535.	
Status	Show the connection status between the device and the server.	

7.4.4.2 GPS Serial Forwarding

GPS serial forwarding means that GPS data can be forwarded to the serial port.

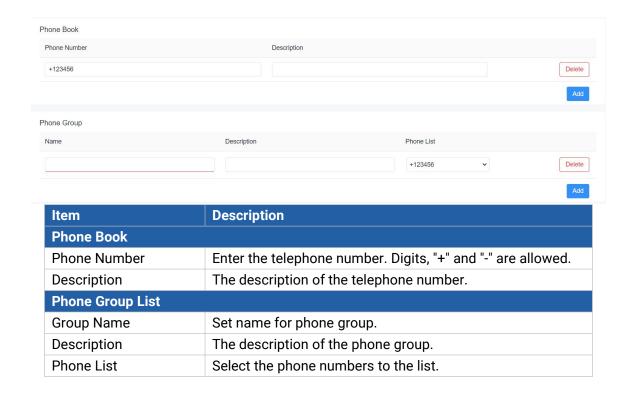


GPS Serial Forwarding		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Forward the GPS data to the preset serial port.	Disable
Serial Type	Select the serial port to receive GPS data. Ensure that the serial port is enabled on Industrial > Serial Port .	
Report Interval	The device will forward the GPS data to the serial port according to this interval. The range is 1-65535s.	30
Include RMC Message	RMC includes time, date, position, course and speed data.	Enable
Include GSA Message	GSA includes GPS receiver operating mode, satellites used in the position solution, and DOP values.	Enable
Include GGA Message	GGA includes time, position and fix type data.	Enable
Include GSV Message	GSV includes the number, elevation, azimuth of GPS satellites and SNR values.	Enable
Include VTG Message	VTG includes course and speed information relative to the ground.	Enable

7.4.5 Phone&SMS

7.4.5.1 Phone

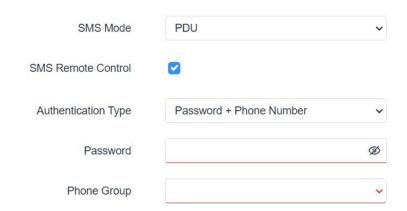
Phone settings involve in call/SMS trigger, SMS control and SMS alarm for events.



7.4.5.2 SMS

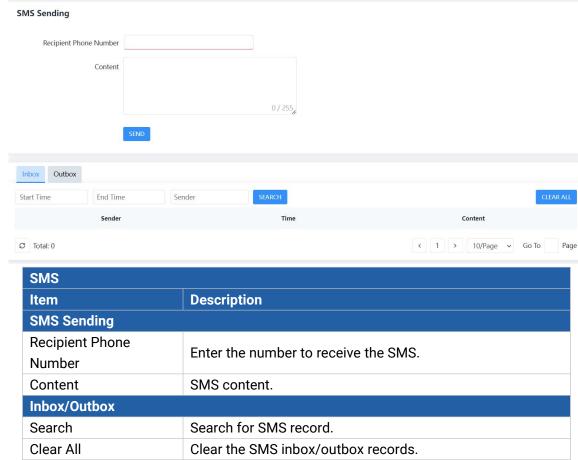
SMS settings involve in remote SMS control, sending SMS and SMS receiving and sending status.

General Setting



SMS		
Item	Description	
	Select SMS mode:	
	Text: Pure text mode, mainly used in Europe and America. Technical	
SMS Mode	ly, it can also be used to send Short Messages in Chinese.	
	PDU: It's the default encoding Mode for mobile phones, which confo	
	rm to all mobile phones SMS format and can use any character.	
SMS Remote	Enable/disable SMS Remote Control. Click here to check SMS	
Control	control commands.	
Authentication	Choose the authentication type to check whether the SMS is from	
Туре	valid controller.	

	Phone number: only the phone numbers on phone groups support
	remote control.
	Password + phone number: only the phone numbers on phone
	groups support remote control; besides, control SMS should be sent
	as format password+";"+command content.
Password	Set password for authentication.
Phone Group	Select the Phone group which used for remote control.



7.4.6 SNMP

SNMP is widely used in network management for network monitoring. SNMP exposes management data with variables form in managed system. The system is organized in a management information base (MIB) which describes the system status and configuration. These variables can be remotely queried by managing applications.

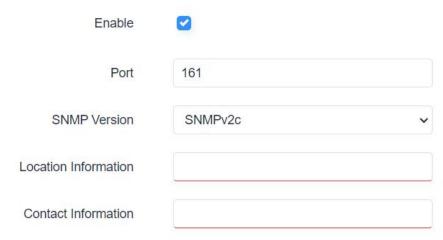
Configuring SNMP in networking, NMS, and a management program of SNMP should be set up at the Manager.

Configuration steps are listed as below for achieving query from NMS:

- Enable SNMP setting.
- 2. Download MIB file and load it into NMS.
- 3. Configure MIB View.
- 4. Configure VCAM.

7.4.6.1 SNMP

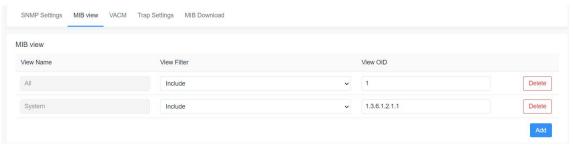
UF51 supports SNMPv1, SNMPv2c and SNMPv3 version. SNMPv3 employs authentication encryption by username and password.



SNMP Settings	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable SNMP function.
Port	Set SNMP listened port. Range: 1-65535.
	The default port is 161.
SNMP Version	It's fixed as SNMP v3.
Location Information	Fill in the location information.
Contact Information	Fill in the contact information.

7.4.6.2 MIB View

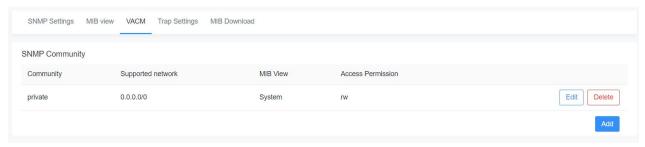
This section explains how to configure MIB view for the objects.



MIB View	
Item	Description
View Name	Set MIB view's name.
	Select from "Included" and "Excluded".
View Filter	Included: query all nodes within the specified MIB node.
	Excluded: query all nodes except for the specified MIB node.
View OID	Enter the OID number.
Add/Delete	Click to add or delete a MIB view.

7.4.6.3 VACM

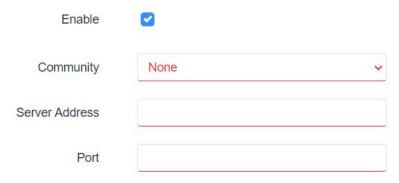
This section describes how to configure VCAM parameters.



VACM	
Item	Description
SNMP v1 & v2c Supp	ported Network
Community	Set the community name.
IP Address/Netmask	The external IP address range to access this MIB view.
MIB View	Select an MIB view to set permissions from the MIB view list.
Access Permission	Select from "Read-Only" and "Read-Write".
SNMP v3 User	
Username	Set the name of SNMPv3 user.
Security Level	Select from "None", "Auth/NoPriv", and " Auth/Priv".
Authentication Algorithm	Select from "MD5" or "SHA" when Auth is selected.
Authentication Password	The password should be filled in.
Encryption Algorithm	Select from "AES" or "DES" when "Auth/Priv" is selected.
Encryption Password	The password should be filled in.
Read-Only View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-only" from the MIB view list.
Read-Write View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-write" from the MIB view list.
Notify View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Notify" from the MIB view list.

7.4.6.4 Trap

This section explains how to enable network monitoring by SNMP trap.



SNMP Trap	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable SNMP Trap function.
Community	Select the community of SNMP v1/v2c.
User	Select the user of SNMPv3.
Server Address	Fill in NMS's IP address or domain name.
Port	Fill in UDP port. Port range is 1-65535.

7.4.6.5 MIB

This section describes how to download MIB files.



7.5 App

7.5.1 Node-RED

install it to the device.

Node-RED is a flow-based development tool for visual programming and wiring together hardware devices, APIs and online services as part of the Internet of Things. Node-RED provides a web-browser-based flow editor, which can easily wire together flows using the wide range of nodes in the palette. For more guidance and documentation please refer to Node-RED official website. If the Node-RED is not installed, please download the Node-RED App from Milesight website and

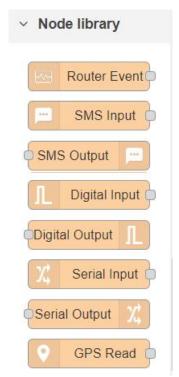


After installation, it will show below status.

Enable	Launch
Node-RED Version	3.0.2
Node Library Version	1.0.1
Upgrade Node Library	Browse
All Flows	Export
Restore to factory settings	Reset
Uninstall	Uninstall

Node-RED	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable the Node-RED.
Launch	Click to launch the web GUI of Node-RED. The login authority of Node RED web GUI is the same as the admin account of web GUI.
Node-RED Version	Show the version of the Node-RED.
Node Library Version	Show the version of the node library provided by Milesight.
Upgrade Node Library	Upgrade the node library by importing the library package.
All Flows Export	Export all flows as a JSON format file.
Restore to Factory Settings	Erase all flows data of Node-RED.
Uninstall	Uninstall the Node-RED App from this device.

Milesight provides a customized node library to use the interfaces of the device.

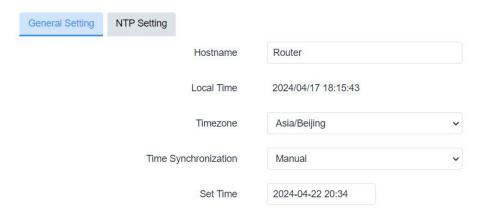


Node Library	
Node	Description
Router Event	Monitor alarm events of the device.
SMS Input	Receive SMS message. This only works when the cellular is connected.
SMS Output	Send an SMS message. This only works when the cellular is connected.
Digital Input	Receive DI status. This only works when DI is enabled and Action is Node-RED on Service > I/O > DI web GUI.
Digital Output	Trigger DO status. This only works when DO is enabled on Service > I/O > DO web GUI.
Serial Input	Receive serial port data. This only works when the serial port is enabled, Serial Mode is DTU and DTU protocol is Node-RED on Service > Serial Port > Serial Port web GUI.
Serial Output	Send command to the serial port. This only works when the serial port is enabled, Serial Mode is DTU and DTU protocol is Node-RED on Service > Serial Port > Serial Port web GUI.
GPS Read	Receive GPS data. This only works when GPS is enabled on Service > GPS > GPS web GUI.

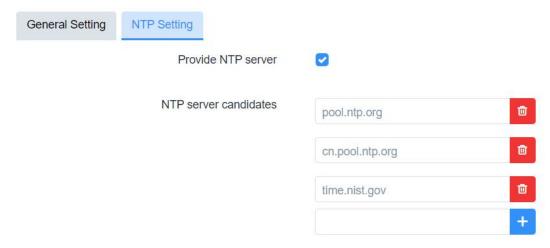
7.6 System

This section describes how to configure general settings and debugs, such as administration account, system time, common user management, device management, download logs, etc.

7.6.1 System



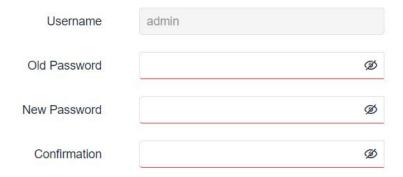
System - General Setting	
Item	Description
Hostname	Define the device name, needs to start with a letter.
Local Time	Show the current system time.
Timezone	Click the drop-down list to select the time zone you are in.
	Select the time synchronization mode.
	Sync Browser Time: Synchronize time with browser.
Time	Sync with NTP Server: Synchronize time with NTP Server.
Synchronization	GPS Time Synchronization: Synchronize time with GPS per hour.
	Ensure that GPS is enabled on Industrial > GPS >GPS .
	Manual: configure the time manually.



System - NTP Setting	
Item	Description
Provide NTP server	Enable to provide NTP server for connected devices.
NTP server candidates	Enter NTP Server's IP address or domain name to
ivir server candidates	synchronize time. It can add 5 servers at most.

7.6.2 Password

You can change the administrator password for accessing the device.

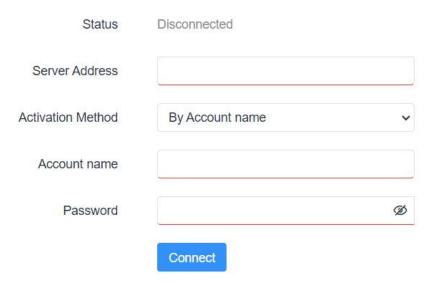


Password	
Item	Description
Username	It's fixed as admin.
Old Password	Enter the old password to verify the authority.
New Password	Enter a new password.
Confirmation	Enter the new password again.

7.6.3 Device Management

6.6.3.1 Device Management

You can connect the device to the Milesight DeviceHub management platform on this page so as to manage the device centrally and remotely. For more details, please refer to <u>DeviceHub User Guide</u>.

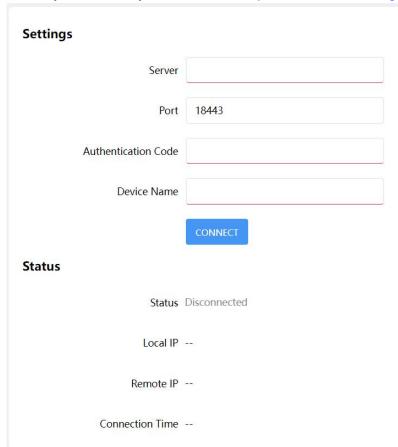


Device Management	
Item	Description
Status	Show the connection status between the device and the DeviceHub.
Server Address	IP address or domain of the DeviceHub management server.
Activation Method	Select activation method to connect the device to the DeviceHub server, options are "By Authentication Code" and "By

	Account name".
Authentication Code	Fill in the authentication code generated from the DeviceHub.
Account Name	Fill in the registered DeviceHub account (email) and password.
Password	
Connect/Disconnect	Click this button to connect/disconnect the device from the
	DeviceHub.

7.6.3.2 Cloud VPN

You can connect the device to the MilesightVPN on this page so as to manage the device and connected devices centrally and remotely. For more details please refer to <u>MilesightVPN User Guide</u>.



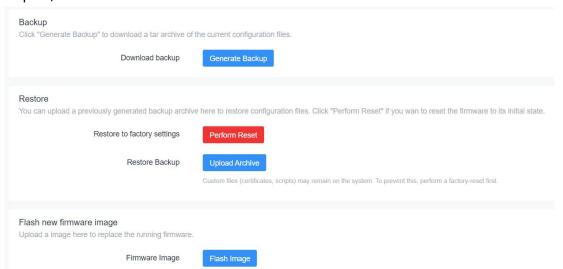
Cloud VPN		
Item	Description	
Settings		
Server	Enter the IP address or domain name of MilesightVPN.	
Port	Enter the HTTPS port number.	
Authorization code	Enter the authorization code which generated by MilesightVPN.	
Device Name	Enter the name of the device.	
Status		
Status	Show the connection information about whether the device is	
	connected to the MilesightVPN.	
Local IP	Show the virtual IP of the device.	

Remote IP	Show the virtual IP of the Milesight VPN server.
Connection Time	Show the information on how long has the device been
	connected to the Milesight VPN.

7.6.4 Backup / Upgrade

This section describes how to create a complete backup of the system configurations to a file, reset to factory defaults, restore the config file to the device and upgrade the flash image via the web. Generally, you don't need to do the firmware upgrade.

Note: any operation on web page is not allowed during firmware upgrade, otherwise the upgrade will be interrupted, or worse the device will break down.



Backup/Upgrade		
Item	Description	
Generate Backup	Click to download a tar archive of the current configuration file.	
Perform Reset	Click to reset the device to factory default.	
Upload Archive	To restore configuration files, you can upload a previously generated backup archive here. Custom files (certificates, scripts) may remain on the system. To prevent this, you can perform a factory-reset first.	
Flash Image	Upload an image here to replace the running firmware.	

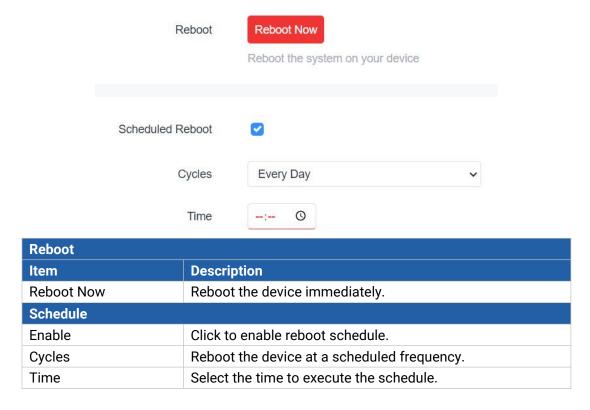
Related Configuration Example

Firmware Upgrade

Restore Factory Defaults

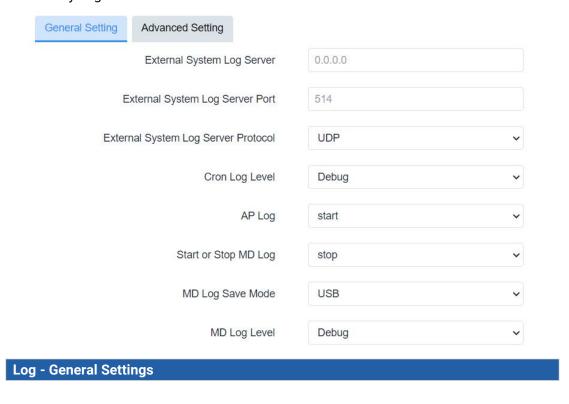
7.6.5 Reboot

This page allows to reboot the device immediately or regularly.



7.6.6 Log

Users can download logs contains a record of informational, error and warning events that indicates how the system processes. By reviewing the data in the log, an administrator or user troubleshooting the system can identify the cause of a problem or whether the system processes are loading successfully. Remote log server is feasible, and the device will upload all system logs to remote log server such as Syslog Watcher.



Item	Description
External system log	Fill in the remote log server address (IP/domain name) which
server	the device sends.
External system log	Fill in the remote log server port which the device sends.
server port	
External system log	Choose UDP or TCP from the drop-down list to transmit log file
server protocol	in corresponding protocol.
Cron Log Level	The severities to print the AP log: Normal, Warning, Debug.
AP Log	Select to start or stop recording system log.
Start or Stop MD	Select to start or stop recording cellular module log.
Log	
MD Log Save Mode	Select the save and output mode of MD log.
MD Log Level	The severities to print the MD log: Info, Notice, Warning, Error,
	Critical, Alert, Emergency, Debug.

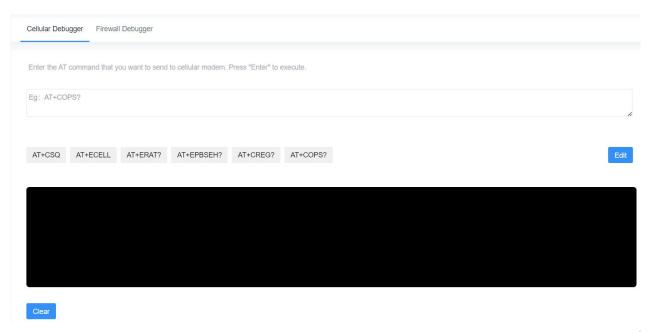


Log- Advanced Settings		
Item	Description	
AP log		
Download	Click to download the last AP log recorded.	
Tcpdump log		
Start	Click to start recording topdump log.	
Stop	Click to stop recording tcpdump log.	
Download	Click to download the last tcpdump log recorded.	

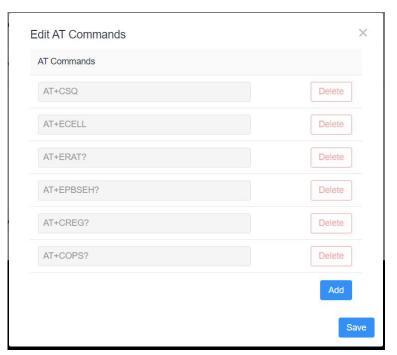
7.6.7 Debugger

7.6.7.1 Cellular Debugger

This tool allows to use AT commands to enter the AT command and press **Enter** to execute and check cellular debug information..



Besides, click **EDIT** to customize the common AT commands, then press the buttons on the top of black frame directly to execute common commands directly.



Common command description:

AT+CSQ?----Get cellular network signal

AT+ECELL?----Get current cell information

AT+ERAT?----Get RAT status and network type

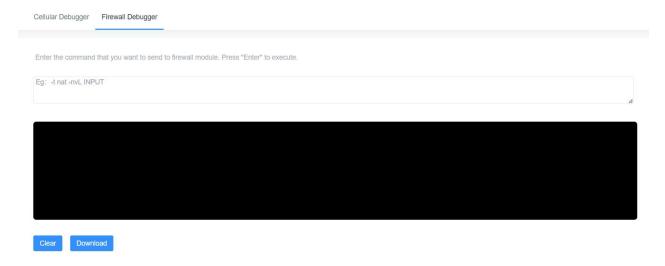
AT+EPBSEH? ----Get using bands

AT+CREG?----Get network registration status

AT+COPS?----Get operator and access technology info

7.6.7.2 Firewall Debugger

This tool allows to use iptables commands to check firewall information and download results.



[END]